

GADSDEN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT



"Building a Brighter Future"

Code of Student Conduct

2012-2013

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Board Approved
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Superintendent’s Message	3
Vision	4
Mission Statement	4
Jurisdiction of the School Board.....	4
Discrimination Statement	4
Students' Rights and Responsibilities	5
Attendance.....	5
Respect for Persons and Property	8
Right to Learn.....	9
Right of Assembly.....	9
Right of Privacy	10
Participation in School Programs and Activities	10
Dress and Grooming	10
Discrimination/Sexual Harassment.....	13
Counseling.....	13
Free Speech and Publication	14
Student Government.....	14
Student Records.....	15
Grades	19
General Disciplinary Procedures	20
Presence of Pupils, When and Where Authorized.....	20
Authority of the Teacher	20
Offenses.....	20
Deferred Punishment for Offenses	21
Bullying and Harassment	21
Procedures for the Discipline of Students with Disabilities	28
Procedures for Discipline of K-12 Students Including PreK.....	28
Disciplinary Procedures Grades K-12	29
Zero Tolerance Policy	32
Weapons Prohibited	34
Certain Drugs Prohibited.....	35
Procedures for Student Transfer-Felony Charges.....	35
Suspension/Expulsion	36
Corporal Punishment.....	38
Reasonable Force	38
Collection of Evidence / Search and Seizure.....	38
Classroom Behavior Management Form	40
Authority of the School Bus Driver	41
Misconduct on School Buses	41
Glossary.....	42

The School Board of Gadsden County

"Building A Brighter Future"



Reginald C. James
SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

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SUPERINTENDENT'S MESSAGE

In order for the Gadsden County School District to perform effectively we must operate within a system of rules. These rules are written in the **Code of Student Conduct** to ensure a safe learning environment for the students who attend our schools. We know that there are many factors which contribute to discipline problems in a school; consequently, schools have the responsibility to encourage, promote, and maintain effective disciplinary practices.

The contents of this document apply to all students in grades **PreK-12**, unless otherwise stated. The information contained in the **Code of Student Conduct** is written specifically to ensure that each student associated with school activities has positive experiences in a safe learning environment.

This document will explain the rules of the Gadsden County School District, student rights and student responsibilities, disciplinary actions, and the disposition of school records. While this document does not contain the exact Florida Statutes referenced herein, a copy of those statutes can be obtained from the district office at 35 Martin Luther King, Jr. Boulevard in Quincy upon request or viewed on the State of Florida website at <http://www.flsenate.gov/statutes>.

The administrators and school personnel will continue to promote and maintain the kind of discipline that will foster a *healthy dose* of intervention, prevention, and the encouragement to discontinue those behaviors that are not acceptable to a safe learning environment. As we continue to find ways to make all of our schools safer, we realize that consequences for inappropriate behavior must be fair, consistent, and comply with policies as conflicts are resolved and undesirable behavior is modified.

Please read and thoroughly discuss this document with your child. Help us maintain the safe school status which we all desire throughout our district. As we work together to build a brighter future, we want to ensure that each student will have positive experiences in a safe learning environment.

Respectfully yours,

Reginald C. James

Reginald C. James
Superintendent of Schools

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BOARD MEETS FOURTH TUESDAY OF EACH MONTH
EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER

VISION

The Gadsden County Public School District is committed to working together to *“Build A Brighter Future”* for our boys and girls.

We, the partners for excellence, recognize the need for multicultural awareness and education and envision that schools, communities, and parents/guardians will cooperatively embrace one another to offer an educational program that will meet the needs of students, parents/guardians, and the community. We further believe that ALL children can learn, and we envision that schools, using new and emerging technologies in conjunction with traditional approaches, will provide academic, intellectual, emotional, psychological, physical, and social experiences that will develop the whole student. Our product will be students who possess foundational, marketable, and/or functional skills that will enable them to broaden their horizons in any post-secondary endeavor upon which they might choose to embark.

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the district is *“To Build a Brighter Future as We Prepare Students for Success in Life”*.

JURISDICTION OF THE SCHOOL BOARD

The Code of Student Conduct and the Positive Student Management Discipline Plan were adopted by the Gadsden County School Board and are compatible with the Florida State legislative codes. Subject to law and rules and regulations of the State Board of Education of the State of Florida, each student enrolled in a school shall, during the time he/she is being transported to or from school at public expense, during the time he/she is attending school, including the time during which he/she is proceeding from one school center to another during the school day, and during the time he/she is on the premises of any publicly supported school in this district, be under the control and direction of the principal or teacher in charge of the school, and under the immediate control and direction of the teacher or other member of the instructional staff or the bus driver to whom such responsibility may be assigned by the principal; and each such student shall, during the time he/she is otherwise en route to or from school at public expense, or is presumed by law to be attending school, be under the control and direction of the principal or teacher in charge of the school where he/she is enrolled.

DISCRIMINATION STATEMENT

No person shall, on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, handicap, age, or marital status, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under, any education program or activity.

This practice shall apply equally to students, employees and all persons having business with the School Board.

STUDENTS' RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

It is the intent of the Students' Rights and Responsibilities, as expressed in the Code of Student Conduct, that students understand that their rights must be accompanied by corresponding responsibilities.

Florida's School Improvement and Accountability System states that all school communities will provide an environment that is alcohol and drug-free and protects students' health, safety, and civil rights.

I. ATTENDANCE

All questions relating to the attendance policy are to be directed to the school's attendance office first, and then if needed, the school principal.

Florida law requires each parent/guardian of a child from age six (6) to sixteen (16) years to be responsible for the child's school attendance. Regular attendance is the actual attendance of a pupil during the school day as defined by law and regulations of the state board.

The school attendance law was amended by the 1997 Florida Legislature to require that any sixteen or seventeen year old student withdrawing from school must file a formal declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment with the district school board.

A student is considered "truant" when he/she is not in attendance without approval of the principal and/or consent of the parent/guardian. School-based interventions will occur for all truant students.

A student is considered a "habitual truant" when he/she has 15 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days.

Rights:

Students will be given an explanation of excused absences, unexcused absences, and tardies. Students can make up work for credit if the absence is excused.

A student who attains the age of 16 years during the school year is not subject to compulsory attendance beyond the date upon which he or she attains that age if the student files a Student Declaration of Intent to Terminate School Enrollment form. This form is available from the school administration or guidance office.

Responsibilities:

Students are required to attend school every school day. If absent, a written note from the parent/guardian stating why the student was absent must be brought to school on the day the student returns. The principal shall consider each absence as being either "excusable," "permissible," or "unexcused."

It is the responsibility of the student's parent/guardian to notify the school when his/her child will not be in attendance. The school is to be notified of an absence the morning the student is absent or within twenty-four hours.

Excusable Absence:

An excusable absence is one caused by illness of the student or by serious illness or death in the family, legal reasons and other special conditions or extenuating circumstances. The student shall be given an opportunity to make up all missed work.

Excused Absence for Religious Holidays:

A student shall be excused from attendance for observation of a religious holiday or because the tenets of his religion forbid secular activity on that day. Prior notification to the school principal is required.

A student who has been excused for observance of a religious holiday shall be given up to 3 school days to complete any work missed, including examinations and work assignments. No adverse or prejudicial effects shall result from any such religious observance.

Permissible Absence (Excused):

A permissible absence is one which has the sanction of the parents/guardians and the school. This may include activities such as an individual educational trip or other extenuating circumstances. Any such individual educational trip must be planned by the parent/guardian and teacher, and a written report of the trip must be presented to the teacher. The student shall be given an opportunity to make up all missed work.

Unexcused Absence:

An unexcused absence (this does not include suspensions) is one which does not have the approval of the school, or which is due to disciplinary action against the student. Ordinarily, in such case, the work missed may not be made up by the student for credit. Pursuant to Florida Statute 1006.09, no student who is required by law to attend school shall be suspended for unexcused absence or truancy. Therefore, suspension is not an appropriate disciplinary action for students who fall within the mandatory state attendance requirements.

Students who are more than five (5) minutes late for a class will be recorded as being tardy.

Rule:

All students between the ages of six (6) and sixteen (16) must attend school regularly.

Disciplinary Action:

A student may receive counseling, attendance conferences, parent/guardian contact, and may be referred to other appropriate disciplinary programs.

The law allows absences for illness and certain other special circumstances. Under these circumstances, district and school policies regard these absences as excused absences. A student with an excused absence is not subject to any disciplinary or academic penalties for that absence. It is the student's responsibility to obtain and complete all makeup work. An unexcused absence takes place any time a child is out of school for reasons not recognized in the law. In these cases, the child may be subject to academic penalties.

For students in grades 9-12 a minimum of 135 hours in attendance is required to earn a credit in a course. In order to be eligible to receive a credit, a student must meet course requirements and be present at least 67.5 hours each 18 week grading period or demonstrate mastery of the course performance standards for the defined course by passing the semester exam. Credits are awarded at the end of each 18 week grading period.

Each school must implement procedures to increase student attendance. An attendance committee will be established at each school to review the reason(s) for absence(s).

Minimum School-Based Intervention Procedures for Truant Students

Minimum School-Based Intervention Procedures for Truant Students may be as follows (Appropriate Documentation of Interventions Must Be Maintained):

1. After 3 days of unexcused absences, within a 90-day period, a parent/guardian/student contact/conference is conducted by teacher/school designee.
2. After 5 days of unexcused absences, within a 90-day period, a referral is made to the principal to send a certified letter to parents/guardians and possibly to convene a student study team. *NOTE: A student study team is to convene when a student misses 5 unexcused absences within 30 calendar days, or when a student misses 10 days within 90 calendar days.*
3. After 10 days of unexcused absences within a 90-day period, the student is referred to the visiting teacher.
4. After 15 unexcused absences within a 90-day period, the student is considered “habitually truant.” Florida statutes 1003.27(b).

The Florida Legislature enacted requirements that school districts report to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (DHSMV) the names, birthdates, sex, and social security numbers of minors who attain the age of 14 and accumulate 15 unexcused absences in a period of 90 calendar days. The legislation further provides that those minors under age 18 who thus fail to satisfy attendance requirements or drop out of (voluntarily withdraw from) school will be ineligible for driving privilege. Additional information about procedures and waivers is available from the school administration or guidance office.

Middle-High School Attendance

A minimum of 135 hours of attendance is required for students to earn a credit in a course. In order to be eligible to receive a credit, a student must meet course requirements and be present at least 67.5 hours each semester or demonstrate mastery of the course performance standards for the defined course by passing the semester exam.

Each school will document attempts to notify parents/guardians of each student’s absence either through an automated system or other method. However, failure to successfully notify parents/guardians shall not negate the attendance policy.

Absences

- Students are to sign in/out when missing a class for excusable appointments or emergencies and are to comply with the individual school procedures established with the school attendance office. Failure to sign out may result in an unexcused absence and the consequences thereof.
- Excused absences/tardies may only be used for the following legitimate, documented reasons:
 1. Illness and/or medical care
 2. Death in the family
 3. Legal reasons
 4. Religious Holidays, administratively pre-approved observance
 5. Pre-arranged absences approved by an administrator, school sponsored field trips, or school approved activities
 6. Other special circumstances or insurmountable conditions
- In the event 4 or more unexcused absences occur in a course during a 9-week grading period, an attendance conference may be held to determine which, if any, absences are excusable.
- For each course in which the student has four (4) unexcused absences, that are not for one of the legitimate purposes described above, a grade of “F” will be assigned for that grading period.
- The teacher’s grade book and/or the attendance sheet signed by the teacher will be the final authority in determining the number of absences for each student.

Attendance Conference / Appeal Procedures

- In order to appeal an unexcused absence, the following must occur:
 1. The student and parent/guardian must request a hearing by completing and submitting an Attendance Conference Application (form available at school).
 2. Written documentation of absences from a doctor or recognized agency, legal proceedings or other relevant information should be attached to the application when it is submitted, and may be accepted in lieu of an attendance conference provided all absences are included.
 3. An attendance conference may not be necessary if written documentation for each absence is submitted to the attendance office. Other circumstances made known to the attendance office may also make the conference unnecessary. The need for a conference will be made by the principal/designee. The school will notify the parent/guardian(s) if a conference is not necessary.
- The school will make every effort to schedule conferences at a time convenient for parents/guardians, including evening hours when necessary.
- One administrator/designee and two teachers will hear and rule on the appeal.
- The parent/guardian will be notified of the decision in a timely manner.
- Teachers will be notified of the decision in a timely manner.
- The principal may overrule the findings of the attendance committee should special circumstances occur or excuse any student from any consequence arising from recorded absences.

Other Considerations

- Students who are suspended will be considered administratively absent and the absences will not count toward the “four unexcused” policy for the nine weeks grading period.
- Students who are absent for an “educationally valuable experience” other than a field trip may receive an excused absence if the following criteria are met:
 - a. The absence must be pre-approved at least one week in advance.
 - b. There must be stated and written educational objectives for the trip that are related to the performance standards for each course in which the student is enrolled and include at least one objective for each course. This information shall be attached to the Prior Approval Request Form when it is turned in to the attendance office and initialed by the teacher of each course.
 - c. The attendance administrator and/or the attendance committee will review the pre-arranged absence request. The absences may then be pre-excused pending the completion of (d) below.
 - d. Within ten (10) calendar days of the student’s return to school following the trip, the student and parent/guardian will present a student prepared report and other appropriate exhibits to the attendance committee documenting the completion of each written objective. The committee shall determine whether the absences are to be excused.
- College recruitment trips are to be scheduled when school is not in session. Days missed will be considered as part of the three (3) allowed per 9-week grading period. Administrative exception may be granted for a planned program scheduled for a specific day if the student has a pre-planned appointment, with a specific college administrator that is verified in writing by the college.
- Any student with fifteen (15) or more absences due to a physical or mental condition, which confines the student to a home or a hospital, may be referred to the Homebound Program. If placed in the Homebound Program, attendance records become the responsibility of the Homebound Program.

II. RESPECT FOR PERSONS AND PROPERTY

Rights:

Students are recognized as individuals. Their rights include a safe, healthy, and drug-free environment.

Responsibilities:

Students should treat others, school property, and property of others with respect. Respectful behavior includes, but is not limited to, following school, classroom, and bus rules. Unacceptable behavior includes, but is not limited to, fighting, stealing, destroying property, and violating school rules.

Rule:

Students will treat others and their property with dignity and respect.

Disciplinary Action:

A student not respecting the right and property of others may be subject to disciplinary action allowed by School Board policy. Disciplinary action may range from counseling to expulsion.

III. RIGHT TO LEARN

Rights:

Students have a right to be in an environment conducive to learning and will have appropriate educational programs.

Responsibilities:

Students should come to school prepared to take advantage of all educational opportunities offered. Students should inform school personnel if they have a problem at home or at school that keeps them from doing their best.

Rule:

Students will participate in educational opportunities and complete classroom assignments and homework to the best of their abilities.

Disciplinary Action:

Students who fail to comply with the above stated rule may hinder their educational progress and be subject to other disciplinary procedures allowed by the local school-wide discipline plan.

IV. RIGHT OF ASSEMBLY

Rights:

Students may meet in an orderly manner on the school grounds or building(s) if proper authorization has been granted.

Responsibilities:

The meetings must be approved by the principal/designee and must not interfere with other planned activities.

Rule:

With proper school authorization, students may assemble in an orderly manner.

Disciplinary Action:

Unauthorized or disorderly meetings will be terminated immediately by the principal/designee, and violators may be subject to further administrative disciplinary action.

V. RIGHT OF PRIVACY

Rights:

1. Only authorized persons may have access to student records as governed by Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. §1232g. Regulations: 34 CFR Part 99.)
2. Students and their storage area, under the jurisdiction of the School Board, may be searched in cases of reasonable suspicion. Strip searching is prohibited. The use of metal detectors or specially trained animals is permissible.

Responsibilities:

1. Students, parents/guardians should give the school any information needed to work with the student.
2. Students should not bring prohibited items to school.

Rule:

Students will respect the privacy of others.

Disciplinary Action:

Prohibited items will be confiscated by school personnel and the students will be subject to disciplinary actions allowed by School Board policy.

VI. PARTICIPATION IN SCHOOL PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES

Rights:

All students will be a part of classroom instruction and other school activities for which they are qualified, without regards to their race, sex, religion, national origin, age, marital status, disability, or perceived disability.

Responsibilities:

Students should do their best in school or while participating in school activities. They should also be aware of the rights and responsibilities of others so as to make the school the best place of learning possible.

Rule:

Students who participate in or attend school activities will do so in a manner which promotes the objectives of the school and/or the activity.

Disciplinary Action:

Students who violate the above stated rule may be subject to disciplinary actions allowed by School Board policy.

VII. DRESS AND GROOMING

Rights:

Students have a right to dress comfortably.

Responsibilities:

Students have a responsibility to wear clothes that are not dangerous to their health or safety and to dress in a manner that is not disrupting to the educational process. Clothes worn should not advertise drugs, gangs, alcohol, tobacco, inappropriate language and/or sexual behavior.

Rule:

Student will dress and groom in such a way as to express personal preferences within the guidelines of the school dress code. Students are prohibited from wearing bandannas, dropped pants, low riding jeans, and shorts revealing the buttocks or underwear, short tops revealing the belly button, and inappropriate short dresses, shorts, or skirts. Middle and high school students are required to have shirts tucked in and pants are to be worn with a belt.

Elementary and Middle School Requirements:

Appropriate dress is the primary responsibility of the student and his/her parent or guardian. In order to promote safety, personal hygiene, academic well-being and moral and character development, students shall be expected to comply with reasonable requirements relating to dress, grooming and personal appearance as follows:

- 1) All students in elementary or middle school shall wear a school uniform while in attendance during the regular school day and on school sponsored field trips.
- 2) Colors shall be that of the official school colors and other colors as recommended by the School Advisory Committee and approved by the principal of the school.
- 3) Shirts/blouses must have a collar. T-shirts may be worn at the discretion of the individual school. Shirts must be tucked into pants.
- 4) Uniform style bottoms will be dark blue, black, tan (khaki). No sweat pants, overalls, or jeans will be allowed.
- 5) The legs of pants shall not extend below the heels of shoes.
- 6) Uniform knee-length shorts/skirts will be acceptable.
- 7) Sneakers and leather shoes are both acceptable, but must be black, dark brown, dark blue or white with matching shoelaces.
- 8) Socks must be black, white, or other color as approved by the principal.
- 9) Boys and girls must wear belts if pants/shorts have belt loops. No sagging of pants will be allowed.
- 10) Outer garments for cold weather are permissible.

A student who transfers from one school to another in the county will be required to wear the “generic school uniform”, and will have 15 days to acquire the new school’s uniform.

The “generic uniform” shall consist of the following:

- A. Khaki or black pants, shorts, or skirt
- B. White collared shirt
- C. Dark or white leather shoes or sneakers with black, dark brown, or white socks

At the beginning of the school year, students will be required to conform to the uniform dress code within but no later than the first ten (10) school days. Likewise, students transferring into the district will have the first fifteen (15) days of school enrollment in order to conform to the uniform dress code.

Elementary/Middle School Disciplinary Action:

Any student enrolled in an elementary or middle school who reports to school improperly attired shall be disciplined as follows:

- A. First and second offense consequences are:
 - a. Notification of parent or guardian and require student to change into appropriate attire
- B. Third offense consequences are:
 - a. Notification of parent or guardian and require student to change in to appropriate attire and
 - b. One day of in-school suspension (if available) or three (3) days of after school detention.
- C. The fourth and subsequent offenses are considered to be willful disobedience that will result in further disciplinary action that may include additional days of in-school suspension, after school detention, or work detail.
- D. Any absence resulting from a violation of the uniform dress code will be excused.

High School Disciplinary Action:

Any student enrolled in a high school who violates the dress code may receive counseling and/or parent/guardian(s) will be contacted.

Clothing and/or other personal adornment that is so unusual or non-traditional that it attracts undue attention and distracts from the academic climate of the classroom cannot be allowed.

APPROPRIATE ATTIRE

- When young ladies wear shorts, skirts, and dresses, the length must be near their knees. This knee length is determined by the indentation of the tip of the student’s middle finger when placed against the student’s attire.
- Bound sleeveless shirts and/or dresses that cover the armpits may be worn.
- Shirts/blouses must cover the midriff at all times.
- **Young men will wear belts or suspenders with their pants.** Elastic waist band/draw strings are acceptable.
- Hats and hoods may be worn outside of the building only.
- Shirts and blouses that are designed to be worn inside will be tucked into the pants/skirts.

INAPPROPRIATE ATTIRE

- Tight-fitting stretchy pants, leotards, bicycle pants, or body gloves
- Blouses or shirts that are unbuttoned, see-through, halter tops, tank tops, or muscle shirts and dresses that are strapless, spaghetti strap, or sun dresses,
- Section cutout garments with holes
- Clothes that advertise gangs, alcoholic beverages, tobacco, drugs, suggestive or sexually explicit logos, or offensive racial slogans
- Headbands, bandannas, scarves, stocking/wave caps, or any other head gear
- Bare feet, bedroom slippers, flip-flops or beach shoes
- Hair combs, hair picks, or hair rollers
- Drop pants / saggy pants (F.S. 1006.07 and F.S. 1006.15)

* These dress code guidelines are subject to the interpretation of the administration, faculty, and staff. Any other type of clothing or garment that is distracting, immodest, or interferes with learning will not be allowed.

ALL STUDENTS (ELEMENTARY, MIDDLE AND HIGH) FOUND IN VIOLATION OF THE DRESS CODE WILL BE SUBJECTED TO THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS:

- For first offenders, the school is required to give the student a verbal warning, and the principal must call the student’s parent or guardian;
- For second offenders, the student is ineligible to participate in extracurricular activities for up to 5 days, and the principal must meet with the parent or guardian;
- For the third or subsequent offenders, the extracurricular activity exclusion is extended to up to 30 days; the school must place the student in in-school suspension for up to 3 days; and the principal must both call and send written notice to a parent or guardian.

VIII. DISCRIMINATION/SEXUAL HARASSMENT

Rights:

Students have the right to attend school and learn in an environment free from discrimination and sexual harassment.

Responsibilities:

Students should report occurrences of discrimination or sexual harassment to the principal through the proper grievance procedures.

Rules:

No student shall on the basis of race, sex, religion, national origin, age, marital status, disability, or perceived disability, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination/sexual harassment under any educational program or activity.

Disciplinary Actions:

Students who violate the above-stated rule may be subject to disciplinary actions allowed by School Board policy.

IX. COUNSELING

Rights:

Students have the right:

1. To be informed as to the nature of the guidance services available in their school.
2. To have access to individual and group counseling.
3. To request a change of counselor as applicable.
4. Students have the right of confidentiality except in the following circumstances:
 - a. Reports of abuse or neglect,
 - b. Indication of harm to self/others.

Responsibilities:

Students have the responsibilities:

1. To use guidance services for their own educational and personal improvement.
2. To schedule appointments in advance unless the problem or concern is one of an emergency.
3. To work cooperatively with all school personnel.

Rule:

Students should participate appropriately in the counseling process.

Disciplinary Action:

Students who fail to participate appropriately in the counseling process may temporarily have their opportunities for counseling suspended, or other disciplinary measures may be taken.

X. FREE SPEECH AND PUBLICATION

Rights:

1. Students will be given the opportunity to participate freely in class discussions.
2. Students may, with the approval of the principal/designee, write and distribute non-commercial printed materials. This shall include freedom of the press for all student publications.
3. Students may decide whether or not to participate in symbolic (e.g. flag salute) or religious activities.
4. After receiving permission from the principal, students may display posters, notices, magazines, or articles.
5. Students participation in classroom instruction or other school activities may not be denied based on race, sex, religion, national origin, age, marital status, exceptionality, or perceived disability.

Responsibilities:

1. Students must use appropriate language when expressing their thoughts, concerns, and opinions.
2. Students must respect the principal's decision concerning the request to display printed material.
3. Students should respect others' rights, responsibilities, and opinions.

Rule:

The principal/designee will ensure that all printed materials distributed in the school reflect appropriate journalistic ethics and are not obscene or offensive by school and community standards.

Disciplinary Action:

The principal may discipline any student for infraction of the above stated rule.

XI. STUDENT GOVERNMENT

Rights:

Students have the following rights:

1. To form and operate a student government at their respective schools under the direction of a faculty advisor.
2. To have access to policies of the School Board and the individual school.
3. To seek office in student government, or any school organization, regardless of race, sex, religion, national origin, age, marital status, disability, or perceived disability.
4. To attend, as student government officers and representatives, official student government meetings upon approval of such meetings by the school principal.

Responsibilities:

Students have the following responsibilities:

1. To elect student government officers and representatives who are responsive to the needs of the school and who will work constructively toward the resolution of such needs.
2. To become knowledgeable of School Board and individual school policies governing the actions of students.
3. To conduct election campaigns in a positive, mature manner, with all due respect provided their opponents.
4. To attend regularly scheduled meetings, if an elected student representative, and exhibit appropriate conduct at all times.

Rule:

Students will use the democratic process to conduct student government operations.

Disciplinary Action:

The principal/designee may apply disciplinary procedures as appropriate.

XII. STUDENT RECORDS

Rights:

Students/Parents/guardians have the following rights:

1. Information contained in records that relates directly to the student may be inspected, reviewed, and challenged.
2. Personal identifiable information will be protected by legal provisions which prohibit its release to any person who is not legally authorized by the consent of the parent, guardian, or eligible student. (An eligible student is one who is 18 years of age or over and/or one who attends a post-secondary institution.)
3. Parents/guardians will receive annual notification, written in their native language, stating that they may review their child's record.

Rules/Procedures Relating to Student Records:

Student Records: The principal of each school shall be responsible for all student records and will ensure that all state and federal rules are followed. The Superintendent will make all rules available to principals.

- I. Purposes. Rules cover all school records of all students.
- II. Definitions:
 - A. Education Records: Records required by law containing information about the student
 1. Category A - Permanent Information: student information that is required by law to be kept indefinitely.
 2. Category B - Temporary Information: student information that may be kept for a

short time then discarded or changed

- B. Child: a person who is under 18 years of age
 - C. Pupil/Student: a person who is enrolled in a school
 - D. Eligible Student: a person who is 18 years old or older and who is enrolled in one or more offered educational programs by the Gadsden County district (see section IV.)
- III. The Cumulative Record: The principal is responsible for all cumulative records. These records must be kept at school and may be relocated to other schools upon appropriate written request.
- A. Content of Category A Records: Category A records contain the permanent report card and education records. These records are kept up to date and cannot be changed without the permission of the principal. The person making the change will initialize each change.
 - 1. Student's birth certificate name
 - 2. Birth date, place of birth, race, and sex
 - 3. Current address of the student
 - 4. Name of parent(s) or guardian(s)
 - 5. Name of last school attended
 - 6. Number of days present, absent
 - 7. Date enrolled, date withdrawn
 - 8. Classes/subjects taken, grades received
 - 9. Date of graduation or program completion
 - B. Content of Category B Records:
 - 1. Health information
 - 2. Information about the student's family
 - 3. Test scores
 - 4. School and vocational plans
 - 5. Honors and school activities
 - 6. Reports of special classes required by law
 - 7. List of schools attended
 - 8. Driver education certificate
 - 9. Letters from other groups
 - 10. Written requests for permission to review the record
 - 11. List of people who requested and received a copy of the record
 - 12. Written information indicating any changes made in the record
 - 13. Summary of state student assessment test results
 - 14. Copies of exceptional student education placement reports as required by law.
 - 15. Records of discipline, suspension, and expulsion
 - 16. Records of counselors' and teachers' conferences with students
 - 17. Free lunch applications, work experience interviews, and other records
- IV. The following strategies may be used for an eligible student or parent/guardian to change or remove a portion of the student record:
- A. A written request must be submitted to the principal, clearly identifying the part of the record to be changed, and specifying why it is inaccurate or misleading.
 - B. If the request is approved, the change or removal shall be made in writing and signed and

dated by the eligible student or parent/guardian and a school official. The written agreement shall show only that the record has been corrected or a portion removed.

- C. If the District denies the request for the change of record, the District will notify the eligible student or parent/guardian of the decision, advising them of their right to a hearing. Information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the eligible student or parent/guardian.
- D. If a hearing is held and a decision is made to keep the record intact without the proposed change, the eligible student or parent/guardian may include a written statement in the record. The statement may indicate disagreement with the decision and state reasons for disagreement.

V. Procedures for Transfer of Education Records.

- A. Records shall be transferred immediately upon written request from an eligible student or parent/guardian or from a school to which a student has transferred. The principal or designee shall transfer all Category A and Category B information and shall keep a copy of Category A information.
- B. Records shall not be prohibited from transfer for unpaid fees or fines assessed by the school.
- C. For all Gadsden County schools, current records shall be passed to a middle or high school upon student promotion to that school. This transfer will occur automatically without request.
- D. If a school is closed by order of the School Board, student records shall be transferred to the school at which students will attend the following year. If students will not attend school the following year, the Superintendent shall decide where records will be kept.

Notification of Rights for Elementary and Secondary Schools

FERPA affords parents/guardians and students over 18 years of age (“eligible students”) certain rights with respect to the student’s educational records. These rights are:

1. The right to inspect and review the student’s education records within 45 days of the day the School receives a request for access. Parents/guardians or eligible students should submit to the School principal (or appropriate school official) a written request that identifies the record(s) they wish to inspect. The School official will make arrangements for access and notify the parent/guardian or eligible student of the time and place where the records may be inspected.
2. The right to request the amendment of the student’s education records that the parent/guardian or eligible student believes are inaccurate or misleading. Parents/guardians or eligible students may ask the School to amend a record that they believe is inaccurate or misleading. They should write the School principal (or appropriate official), clearly identify the part of the record they want changed, and specify why it is inaccurate or misleading. If the School decides not to amend the record as requested by the parent/guardian or eligible student, the School will notify the parent/guardian or eligible student of the decision and advise them of their right to a hearing regarding the request for amendment. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the parent/guardian or eligible student when notified of the right to a hearing.
3. The right to consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student’s education records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent. One exception, which permits disclosure without consent, is disclosure to school officials with legitimate educational interests. A school official is a person employed by the School as an

administrator, supervisor, instructor, or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel); a person serving on the School Board; a person or company with whom the School has contracted to perform a special task (such as an attorney, auditor, medical consultant, or therapist); or a parent/guardian or student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks. A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibility. (Optional) Upon request, the School discloses educational records without consent to officials of another school district in which a student seeks or intends to enroll.

Parents/guardians have the following rights:

- a. They may review their child's school records.
 - b. They may give permission for others to review the records.
 - c. They may challenge information in the records.
 - d. Upon request they will receive a copy of this rule from the Superintendent's office.
4. Eligible students or parents/guardians of the student may review individual records. Copies of records may be obtained through written request to the principal or School Board contact person. All requests will be granted within 5 working days.
 5. An eligible student or parent/guardian may give permission for others to review letters or statements in the student's records. Permission must be in writing and signed by the eligible student or parent/guardian. Access by others to a student's record will be closed upon written request by the eligible student or parent/guardian.
 6. The fee for copying the school records shall be as provided by School Board Policy.
 7. Student records are located at the school/district office.
 8. Records that give personal information may not be released without an appropriate request, except to the following:
 - a. District and school administrators and supervisors
 - b. District and school personnel, their interns, and substitutes
 - c. Administrative secretaries (as required for record keeping duties)
 - d. Gadsden County Health Department (health records only)
 - e. Florida Diagnostic and Learning Resource System personnel
 - f. Officials from a school to which a student has moved
 - g. State and federal officers, if records are needed to meet legal requirements, including judicial and law enforcement agencies as specified within signed interagency agreements.
 - h. Persons requiring information for the purpose of donating money for tuition and other related expenses
 - I. State and local people who collect data for factual reporting
 - j. Colleges/Universities needing information for the benefit of students
 - k. People who set standards for schools
 - l. Parents/guardians for tax reasons
 - m. To comply with a court order
 - n. Any person requiring information for health or safety emergencies
 - o. Persons needing information for student expulsion hearings
 - p. Educational researchers who will not publish personal identification, and who destroy the information at the end of the study
 9. Parents/guardians eligible students have the right to file complaints with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the District to comply with the requirements of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). Inquiries may be addressed to:

Responsibilities:

Students/Parents/guardians have the following responsibilities:

1. To inform the school of any information that may be useful in making appropriate educational decisions.
2. To authorize release of pertinent information to those individuals or agencies who are working actively and constructively for the benefit of the student.

Rule:

Students and parents/guardians must comply with board policies related to student records.

Disciplinary Action:

Failure of students/parents/guardians to provide accurate information may result in inaccurate maintenance of student records and a delay in delivery of services in a timely manner. For additional information regarding student records, and procedures, see Appendix.

XIII. GRADES

Rights:

Students have the following rights:

1. To receive a teacher's grading criteria at the beginning of each year or semester course.
2. To receive reasonable notification of failure or potential failure at any time during the grading period when it is apparent unsatisfactory work is being performed.
3. To receive periodic academic reports which may include, but not be limited to, academic and/or conduct grades. A conduct grade may not affect an academic grade.

Responsibilities:

Students have the following responsibilities:

1. To become informed of the grading criteria and behavior standards.
2. To maintain standards of academic performance commensurate with ability.

Rules:

Students enrolled in the Gadsden County School District will comply with the provisions of the Student Progression Plan.

GENERAL DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES

Students are under the authority of the principal/designee, teacher, or bus driver any time they are going to or from school, at school, or at any school activity. Law enforcement or other appropriate agencies may be notified by the principal/designee as deemed necessary.

I. PRESENCE OF PUPILS, WHEN AND WHERE AUTHORIZED

Students have permission to be on the school grounds during the regular school day and during special activities. The principal will use appropriate disciplinary procedures with any student who is found on campus without permission.

II. AUTHORITY OF THE TEACHER

- A. The principal gives to the teacher authority to control students while on school campus or at any school event.
- B. Florida Statutes 1003.32 authorizes the teacher to remove from class, students with abusive, disruptive, or unruly behavior. According to the statute, a teacher may remove from class a student whose behavior the teacher determines interferes with the teacher's ability to communicate effectively with the students in the class or with the ability of the student's classmates to learn. Each district school board, each district school superintendent, and each school principal shall support the authority of teachers to remove disobedient, violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive students from the classroom.

III. OFFENSES

- A. Students shall not be subject to discipline which is verbally abusive, severe, or humiliating. Discipline shall not consist of the denial of breakfast, lunch, or toileting.
- B. The principal may discipline any student for, including but not limited to, the following misbehaviors:
 - 1. disobeying or threatening any school personnel
 - 2. profanity; offensive gestures
 - 3. destroying property
 - 4. disturbing school functions (FS 1006.145)
 - 5. leaving school without proper permission
 - 6. excessive tardies and/or unexcused absences from school
 - 7. breaking school rules
 - 8. serious misconduct
 - 9. sexual harassment
 - 10. multiple offenses
 - 11. fighting (to include instigating a fight)
 - 12. **Usage of wireless** communication devices **and all other electronic devices** (such as pagers, cellular phones, iPods, MP3 players)
 - 13. possession of weapons and/or any firearm, to include imitation firearm
 - 14. possession or use of alcohol, tobacco, or other drugs
- C. Serious misconduct or multiple offenses may result in expulsion of the student by the School Board.
- D. When a non-English-proficient student and/or parent/guardian(s) are involved in any disciplinary

procedure, an interpreter will participate in the process.

- E. When a student is guilty of any act or threat of violence to any school personnel on campus or at a school activity, the principal may discipline the student by suspension and/or request that the School Board expel the student.
- F. School personnel should use the disciplinary method commensurate with the offense. The discipline will be fair and will be given to each student on an individual basis. Before the student gets disciplined, the student has the right to tell his/her side of the story and he/she should be told why he/she is receiving the punishment.
- G. If a student is to be suspended, he/she will be told why before being suspended and will also get an explanation of the evidence and a chance to tell his/her side. Every effort will be made to notify the parent/guardian(s) as soon as possible. A principal may suspend for five days. If the suspension is for more than five days, or if the student is recommended for expulsion, a hearing will be held. If the student is a danger to other students or constantly keeps others from learning, he/she may be immediately removed from class and/or school. Only the School Board can expel a student. (See VIII A-B.) When a student is suspended, privileges to participate in extra-curricular activities will be revoked.
- H. All disciplinary referrals will be maintained in the district's student database.

IV. DEFERRED PUNISHMENT FOR OFFENSES

Disciplinary action for offenses occurring near the end of the school year may be carried over to the next school term.

BULLYING AND HARASSMENT – GADSDEN SCHOOL BOARD POLICY #5.321

The Gadsden County School Board prohibits acts of bullying and harassment. The School Board has determined that a safe and civil environment in school is necessary for students to learn and achieve high academic standards. Bullying or harassment, like other disruptive or violent behaviors, is conduct that disrupts both a student's ability to learn and a school's ability to educate its students in a safe environment. Demonstration of appropriate behavior, treating others with civility and respect, and refusing to tolerate bullying or harassment is expected of administrators, faculty, staff, and volunteers to provide positive examples for student behavior.

Bullying or harassment is any gesture or written, verbal, graphic, or physical act (including electronically transmitted acts – i.e. internet, cell phone, or wireless handheld device) that is reasonably perceived as being motivated either by any actual or perceived characteristic, such as race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression; or a mental, physical, or sensory disability or impairment; or by any other distinguishing characteristic. Such behavior is considered harassment or bullying whether it takes place on or off school property, at any school-sponsored function, or in a school vehicle.

- 1. **Statement Prohibiting Bullying and Harassment**
 - A. It is the policy of the Gadsden County School District that all of its students and school employees have an educational setting that is safe, secure and free from harassment and bullying. The District will not tolerate bullying and harassment of any kind. Conduct that constitutes bullying and harassment, as defined herein, is prohibited.
 - B. The District upholds that bullying or harassment of any student or school employee is prohibited:
 - 1. During any education program or activity conducted by a public K- 12 educational institution;
 - 2. During any school-related or school-sponsored program or activity;
 - 3. On a school bus of a public K-12 educational institution; or
 - 4. Through the use of data or computer software that is accessed through a computer, computer system, or computer network of a public K- 12 education institution.

2. Definitions

- A. **Bullying** means systematically and chronically inflicting physical hurt or psychological distress on one or more students, or employees. It is further defined as unwanted and repeated written, verbal, or physical behavior, including any threatening, insulting, or dehumanizing gesture, by a student or adult, that is severe or pervasive enough to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment; cause discomfort or humiliation; or unreasonably interfere with the individual's school performance or participation; and may involve but is not limited to:
1. Unwanted teasing;
 2. Social Exclusion;
 3. Threatening;
 4. Intimidation;
 5. Stalking;
 6. Cyberstalking;
 7. Cyberbullying;
 8. Physical violence;
 9. Theft;
 10. Sexual, religious, or racial harassment;
 11. Public humiliation;
 12. Rumor or spreading falsehoods; or
 13. Destruction of school or personal property.
- B. **Harassment** means any threatening, insulting or dehumanizing gesture, use of technology, computer software, or written, verbal or physical conduct directed against a student or school employee that:
1. Places a student or school employee in reasonable fear of harm to his/her person or damage to his/her property;
 2. Has the effect of substantially interfering with a student's educational performance, or employee's work performance, or either's opportunities, or benefits;
 3. Has the effect of substantially negatively impacting a student's or employee's emotional or mental well-being; or
 4. Has the effect of substantially disrupting the orderly operation of a school.
- C. **Cyberstalking** is defined in F. S. 784.084(d) means to engage in a course of conduct to communicate, or to cause to be communicated, words, images, or language by or through the use of electronic mail or electronic communication, directed at or about a specific person, causing substantial emotional distress to that person and serving no legitimate purpose.
- D. **Cyberbullying** is defined as the willful and repeated harassment and intimidation of a person through the use of digital technologies, including, but not limited to, email, blogs, social websites (e.g., MySpace, Facebook), chat rooms, and instant messaging.
- E. **Bullying, Harassment, and/or Cyberbullying** also encompass:
1. Retaliation against a student or school employee by another student or school employee for asserting or alleging an act of bullying or harassment. Reporting an act of bullying or harassment that is not made in good faith is considered retaliation.
 2. Perpetuation of conduct listed in the definition of bullying or harassment by an individual or group with intent to demean, dehumanize, embarrass, or cause emotional or physical harm to a student or school employee by
 - a. Incitement or coercion;
 - b. Accessing or knowingly and willingly causing or providing access to data or computer software through a computer, computer system, or computer network within the scope of the District school system;
 - c. Acting in a manner that has an effect substantially similar to the effect of bullying or harassment.
 3. Unwanted harm towards a student or employee in regard to their real or perceived: sex, race, color, religion, national origin, age, disability (physical, mental, or educational), marital status, socio-economic background, ancestry, ethnicity, gender, gender identity or expression, linguistic preference, political beliefs, sexual orientation, or social/family background or being viewed as different in its education programs or admissions to education programs and therefore prohibits bullying of any student or employee by any

Board member, District employee, consultant, contractor, agent, visitor, volunteer, student, or other person in the school or outside the school at school-sponsored events, on school buses, and at training facilities or training programs sponsored by the District. For Federal requirements when these acts are against Federally identified protected categories, refer to Policy 4001.1.

- F. **Accused** is defined as any District employee, consultant, contractor, agent, visitor, volunteer, student, or other person in the school or outside the school at school-sponsored events, on school buses, and at training facilities or training programs sponsored by the District who is reported to have committed an act of bullying, whether formally or informally, verbally or in writing, of bullying.
- G. **Complainant** is defined as any District employee, consultant, contractor, agent, visitor, volunteer, student, or other

3. Behavior Standards

- A. The Gadsden County School District expects students and adults to conduct themselves as appropriate for their levels of development, maturity, and demonstrated capabilities with proper regard to the rights and welfare of other students and school staff, the educational purpose underlying all school activities, and the care of school facilities and equipment.
- B. The District believes that standards for student behavior must be set cooperatively through interaction among the students, parents/legal guardians, staff, and community members producing an atmosphere that encourages students to grow in self-discipline. The development of this atmosphere requires respect for self and others, as well as for District and community property on the part of students, staff, and community members. Because students learn by example, school administrators, faculty, staff, and volunteers will demonstrate appropriate behavior, treat others with civility and respect, and refuse to tolerate bullying or harassment.
- C. The School District prohibits the bullying of any student or school employee:
 - a. During any educational program or activity conducted by Gadsden County Schools District;
 - b. during any school-related or school-sponsored program or activity or on a Gadsden County school bus;
 - c. Through the use of any electronic device or data while on school grounds or on a Gadsden County school bus, computer software that is accessed through a computer, computer system, or computer network of the Gadsden County School Board. The physical location or time of access of a computer-related incident cannot be raised as a defense in any disciplinary action initiated under this section.
 - d. Through threats using the above to be carried out on school grounds. This includes threats made outside of school hours, which are intended to be carried out during any school-related or school-sponsored program or activity, or on a Gadsden County school bus.
 - e. While the District does not assume any liability for incidences that occur at a bus stop or en route to and from school, a student or witness may file a complaint following the same procedures for bullying against a student and the school will investigate and/or provide assistance and intervention as the principal/designee deems appropriate, which may include the use of the School Resource Officer. The principal/designee shall use all District Reporting Systems to log all reports and interventions.
- D. All administrators, faculty, and staff, in collaboration with parents, students, and community members, will incorporate systemic methods for student and staff recognition through positive reinforcement for good conduct, self discipline, good citizenship, and academic success, as seen in the required school plan to address positive school culture and behavior (the school's Discipline Plan).
- E. Student rights shall be explained as outlined in this policy and in the Student Code of Conduct: Respect for Persons and Property.
- F. Proper prevention and intervention steps shall be taken based on the level of severity of infraction as outlined in the Student Code of Conduct and this Policy.

4. Stakeholder Responsibilities

- A. By August 2009, each school principal shall create a School Safety team and designate one of its members as a School Safety Liaison and contact who shall serve on a district School Safety team that address acts of violence and school safety. The district's Safety Investigation's Officer will

be head the School Safety Team. At minimum, school teams should include staff members from administration, guidance, and instruction. These persons will serve as the key school based personnel who will receive prevention/safety training and assist in the dissemination of prevention/safety procedures, intervention, and curriculum, for bullying and other issues that impact the school culture and welfare of students and staff.

- B. The Academic Services' Office, in collaboration with other District departments, will collaborate with school based staff members, families, and community stakeholders to utilize this Policy and associated procedures to promote academic success, enhance resiliency, build developmental assets, and promote protective factors within each school by ensuring that each and every staff member and student is trained on violence prevention. These trainings will work to create a climate within each school and within the District that fosters the safety and respect of children and the belief that adults are there to protect and help them. Additionally, students and staff (including but not limited to school based employees, administrators, district personnel, counseling staff, bus drivers) will be given the skills, training, and tools needed to create the foundation for preventing, identifying, investigating, and intervening when issues of bullying arise.
- C. The Parent Services' Office, in collaboration with other District departments, will train a wide range of community stakeholders, profit, non-profit, School Resource Officers, and faith based agencies to provide the dissemination and support of violence prevention curriculums to students, their families and school staff. This collaboration will make effective use of available school district and community resources while ensuring seamless service delivery in which each and every school and student receives an equitable foundation of violence prevention.
- D. The District School Safety Team will serve as the coordinators and trainers of prevention/safety for all school staff and outside agencies/community partners. The District Safety Team will receive training in violence prevention programs. These team will ensure that these programs are evidence-based and proven. The team will be responsible for implementing the evidence-based interventions and proven programs within each of their schools.
- E. The Parent Services' Office, in collaboration with other District departments, will provide opportunities and encourage parents to participate in prevention efforts with their children in meaningful and relevant ways that address the academic, social, and health needs of their children. The District will offer parents and parent associations' trainings on violence prevention as well as knowledge of and/or opportunity to participate in any violence prevention initiatives currently taking place in their school via the district and school websites, open houses, and school newsletters. Training will provide resources and support for parents by linking them with internal supports as well as referral to community-based resources as needed.
- F. Evaluations to determine the effectiveness and efficiency of the services being provided will be conducted at least every three years and shall include data-based outcomes.
- G. The Superintendent, other district administrators, as well as school principals, will be held accountable for implementation of these student support services consistent with the standards of this policy. These administrators will take steps to assure that student support services are fully integrated with their instructional components at each school as well as in policy and practice.

V. Training for all Stakeholders

- At the beginning of each school year, the school principal/designee and or appropriate area/district administrator shall provide awareness of this policy, as well as the process for reporting incidents, investigation and appeal, to students, school staff, parents, or other persons responsible for the welfare of a pupil through appropriate references in the Student Code of Conduct, Employee Handbooks, the school website, and/or through other reasonable means.

VI. Consequences

- A. Committing an act of bullying or harassment
 - 1. Concluding whether a particular action or incident constitutes a violation of this policy requires a determination based on all of the facts and surrounding circumstances. The physical location or time of access of a computer-related incident cannot be raised as a defense in any disciplinary action.

2. Consequences and appropriate remedial action for students who commit acts of bullying or harassment may range from positive behavioral interventions up to and including suspension or expulsion, as outlined in the Code of Student Conduct.
 3. Consequences and appropriate remedial action for a school employee, found to have committed an act of bullying or harassment, shall be determined in accordance with District policies, procedures, and agreements. Additionally, gross acts of harassment by certified educators may result in a sanction against an educator's state issued certificate.
 4. Consequences and appropriate remedial action for a visitor or volunteer, found to have committed an act of bullying or harassment, shall be determined by the school administrator after consideration of the nature and circumstances of the act, including reports to appropriate law enforcement officials.
- B. Wrongful and intentional accusation of an act of bullying or harassment
1. Consequences and appropriate remedial action for a student, found to have wrongfully and intentionally accused another as a means of bullying or harassment, range from positive behavioral interventions up to and including suspension or expulsion, as outlined in the Code of Student Conduct.
 2. Consequences and appropriate remedial action for a school employee, found to have wrongfully and intentionally accused another as a means of bullying or harassment, shall be determined in accordance with District policies, procedures, and agreements.
 3. Consequences and appropriate remedial action for a visitor or volunteer, found to have wrongfully and intentionally accused another as a means of bullying or harassment shall be determined by the school administrator after consideration of the nature and circumstances of the act, including reports to appropriate law enforcement officials.
- C. Reporting an Act of Bullying or Harassment
1. At each school, the principal or the principal's designee shall be responsible for receiving complaints alleging violations of this policy.
 2. All school employees are required to report alleged violations of this policy to the principal or the principal's designee.
 3. All other members of the school community, including students, parents/legal guardians, volunteers, and visitors are encouraged to report any act that may be a violation of this policy anonymously or in person to the principal or principal's designee.
 4. The principal of each school in the District shall establish and prominently publicize to students, staff, volunteers, and parents/legal guardians, how a report of bullying or harassment may be filed either in person or anonymously and how this report will be acted upon.
 5. The victim of bullying or harassment, anyone who witnessed the bullying or harassment, and anyone who has credible information that an act of bullying or harassment has taken place may file a report of bullying or harassment.
 6. A school employee, school volunteer, student, parent/legal guardian or other persons who promptly reports in good faith an act of bullying or harassment to the appropriate school official and who makes this report in compliance with the procedures set forth in the District policy is immune from a cause of action for damages arising out of the reporting itself or any failure to remedy the reported incident.
 7. Submission of a good faith complaint or report of bullying or harassment will not affect the complainant or reporter's future employment, grades, learning or working environment, or work assignments.
 8. Any written or oral reporting of an act of bullying or harassment shall be considered an official means of reporting such act(s).
 9. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action may not be based solely on the basis of an anonymous report.
- D. Investigation of a Report of Bullying or Harassment
1. The investigation of a reported act of bullying or harassment is deemed to be a school-related activity and shall begin with a report of such an act.

2. The principal or designee shall select an individual(s), employed by the school and trained in investigative procedures, to initiate the investigation. The person may not be the accused perpetrator (harasser or bully) or victim.
 3. Documented interviews of the victim, alleged perpetrator, and witnesses shall be conducted privately, separately, and shall be confidential. Each individual (victim, alleged perpetrator, and witnesses) will be interviewed separately and at no time will the alleged perpetrator and victim be interviewed together.
 4. The investigator shall collect and evaluate the facts including but not limited to:
 - i. Description of incident(s) including nature of the behavior;
 - ii. Context in which the alleged incident(s) occurred;
 - iii. How often the conduct occurred;
 - iv. Whether there were past incidents or past continuing patterns of behavior;
 - v. The relationship between the parties involved;
 - vi. The characteristics of parties involved, *i.e.*, grade, age;
 - vii. The identity and number of individuals who participated in bullying or harassing behavior;
 - viii. Where the alleged incident(s) occurred;
 - ix. Whether the conduct adversely affected the student's education, educational environment or mental well-being;
 - x. Whether the alleged victim felt or perceived an imbalance of power as a result of the reported incident; and
 - xi. The date, time, and method in which the parents/legal guardians of all parties involved were contacted.
 5. Whether a particular action or incident constitutes a violation of this policy shall require a determination based on all the facts and surrounding circumstances and shall include but not limited to:
 - i. Recommended remedial steps necessary to stop the bullying and/or harassing behavior; and
 - ii. A written final report to the principal.
 6. The maximum of ten (10) school days shall be the limit for the initial filing of incidents and completion of the investigative procedural steps.
 7. The highest level of confidentiality possible will be upheld regarding the submission of a complaint or a report of bullying and/or harassment and the investigative procedures that follow.
- E. Investigation to Determine Whether a Reported Act of Bullying or Harassment is Within the Scope of the District
1. The principal or designee will assign an individual(s) who is trained in investigative procedures to initiate an investigation of whether an act of bullying or harassment is within the scope of the School District.
 2. The trained investigator(s) will provide a report on results of investigation with recommendations for the principal to make a determination if an act of bullying or harassment falls within the scope of the District.
 - i. If it is within the scope of the District, a thorough investigation shall be conducted.
 - ii. If it is outside the scope of the District and determined a criminal act, the principal shall refer the incident(s) to appropriate law enforcement.
 - iii. If it is outside the scope of the District and determined not a criminal act, the principal or designee shall inform the parents/legal guardians of all students involved.
- F. Notification to Parents/Guardians of Incidents of Bullying or Harassment
1. Immediate notification to the parents/legal guardians of a victim of bullying or harassment.
 - i. The principal, or designee, shall promptly report via telephone, personal conference, and/or in writing, the occurrence of any incident of bullying or harassment as defined by this policy to the parent or legal guardian of all students involved on the same day an investigation of the incident(s) has been initiated. Notification must be consistent with the student privacy rights under the applicable provisions of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA).
 - ii. If the bullying incident results in the perpetrator being charged with a crime, the principal, or designee, shall by telephone or in writing by first class mail, inform the parents/legal guardian of the victim(s) involved in the bullying incident about the Unsafe School

Choice Option (No Child Left Behind, Title IX, Part E, Subpart 2, Section 9532) that states “. . . a student who becomes a victim of a violent criminal offense, as determined by State law, while in or on the grounds of a public elementary school or secondary school that the student attends, be allowed to attend a safe public elementary school or secondary school within the local educational agency, including a public charter school.”

2. Immediate notification to the parents/legal guardians of the perpetrator of an act of bullying or harassment.

The principal, or designee, shall promptly report via telephone, personal conference, and/or in writing, the occurrence of any incident of bullying or harassment as defined by this policy to the parent or legal guardian of all students involved on the same day an investigation of the incident(s) has been initiated. Notification must be consistent with the student privacy rights under the applicable provisions of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA).

3. Notification to local agencies where criminal charges may be pursued.

Once the investigation has been completed and it has been determined that criminal charges may be pursued against the perpetrator, all appropriate local law enforcement agencies will be notified by telephone and/or in writing.

G. Referral of Victims and Perpetrators of Bullying or Harassment for Counseling

When bullying or harassment is suspected or when a bullying incident is reported, counseling services shall be made available to the victim(s), perpetrator(s), and parents/guardians.

1. The teacher or parent/legal guardian may request informal consultation with school staff, *e.g.*, school counselor, school psychologist, to determine the severity of concern and appropriate steps to address the concern. The teacher may request that the involved student’s parents or legal guardian are included.
2. School personnel or the parent/legal guardian may refer a student to the school intervention team for consideration of appropriate services. Parent or legal guardian involvement shall be required when the student is referred to the intervention team.
3. If a formal discipline report or formal complaint is made, the principal or designee must refer the student(s) to the school intervention team for determination of counseling support and interventions. Parent or legal guardian involvement shall be required.
4. The intervention team may recommend
 - i. Counseling and support to address the needs of the victims of bullying or harassment;
 - ii. Research-based counseling or interventions to address the behavior of the students who bully and harass others, *e.g.*, empathy training, anger management; and/or
 - iii. Research-based counseling or interventions which include assistance and support provided to parents/legal guardians, if deemed necessary or appropriate.

H. Reporting Incidents of Bullying and Harassment

1. Incidents of bullying or harassment shall be reported in the school’s report of data concerning school safety and discipline data required under s. 1006.09(6), F.S. The report shall include each incident of bullying or harassment and the resulting consequences, including discipline and referrals. The report shall also include each reported incident of bullying or harassment that did not meet the criteria of a prohibited act under this section with recommendations regarding such incidents.
2. The District will utilize Florida’s School Environmental Safety Incident Reporting (SESIR) Statewide Report on School Safety and Discipline Data, which includes bullying/harassment as an incident code as well as bullying-related as a related element code.
 - i. Bullying and/or harassment incidents shall be reported and coded appropriately in SESIR using the relevant incident code and the bullying-related code as indicated in the *Code of Student Conduct*.
3. Discipline and referral data shall be recorded in Student Discipline/Referral Action Report and Automated Student Information System.
4. The District shall provide bullying incident, discipline, and referral data to the Florida Department of Education in the format requested, through Survey 5 from Education Information and Accountability Services, and at designated dates provided by the Department of Education.

- I. Instruction on Identifying, Preventing, and Responding to Bullying or Harassment
 - 1. The District shall ensure that schools sustain healthy, positive, and safe learning environments for all students. It is committed to maintain a social climate and social norms in all schools that prohibit bullying and harassment. This requires the efforts of everyone in the school environment – teachers; administrators; counselors; school nurses; other nonteaching staff such as bus drivers, custodians, cafeteria workers; school librarians; parents/legal guardians; and students.
 - 2. Students, parents/legal guardians, teachers, school administrators, counseling staff, and school volunteers shall be given instruction at a minimum on an annual basis on the District's policy and regulations against bullying and harassment. The instruction shall include evidence-based methods of preventing bullying and harassment as well as how to effectively identify and respond to bullying in schools.

- J. Reporting to a Victim's Parents/Legal Guardians the Actions Taken to Protect the Victim

The principal or designee shall by telephone and/or in writing report the occurrence of any incident of bullying as defined by this policy to the parent or legal guardian of all students involved on the same day an investigation of the incident has been initiated. According to the level of infraction, parents/legal guardians will be notified by telephone and/or writing of actions being taken to protect the child; the frequency of notification will depend on the seriousness of the bullying or harassment incident. Notification must be consistent with the student privacy rights under the applicable provisions of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA).

- K. Publicizing the Policy
 - 1. At the beginning of each school year, the Superintendent or designee shall, in writing, inform school staff, parents/legal guardians, or other persons responsible for the welfare of a student of the District's student safety and violence prevention policy.
 - 2. Each District school shall provide notice to students and staff of this policy through appropriate references in the *Code of Student Conduct* and employee handbooks and through other reasonable means.
 - 3. The Superintendent shall also make all contractors contracting with the District aware of this policy.
 - 4. Each school principal shall develop an annual process for discussing the school district policy on bullying and harassment with students.
 - 5. Reminders of the policy and bullying prevention messages such as posters and signs will be displayed around each school and on the District school buses.

**PROCEDURES FOR THE DISCIPLINE OF
STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES**

(as defined under Section 504 Rehab Act 1973, ADA & IDEA)

6A-6.03312. Discipline Procedures for Students with Disabilities

For students with disabilities whose behavior impedes their learning or the learning of others, strategies, including positive behavioral interventions and supports to address that behavior must be considered in the development of their **individual educational plans (IEPs)**. School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether a change in placement, consistent with the requirements and procedures in this rule, is appropriate for a student with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

**PROCEDURES FOR THE DISCIPLINE
OF K-12 STUDENTS INCLUDING PREKINDERGARTEN**

The use of corporal punishment, humiliation, total or extended isolation, and/or withholding of food is prohibited as a form of discipline for prekindergarten students. (ACYF/HS 4.02;45 CFR 1304). When necessary, additional assistance will be acquired to provide for the needs of individual children.

Definitions specific to this policy:

Corporal Punishment - Paddling, slapping, pulling of hair, pinching, or any other means of causing bodily harm.

Denial of Participation in Extracurricular Activities - Denying a child the opportunity to participate in out-of-class activities such as field trips or parties. When necessary, additional assistance will be acquired to provide for the needs of individual children.

Extended Isolation in the Classroom - Denying a child the opportunity to participate in classroom activities for an unreasonable period of time. (e.g. long periods in time out).

Humiliation - Using derogatory remarks when referring to a child, name calling, or any other action that could lower the pride, dignity, or self-respect of a student.

Withholding of Food - Denying a child food that is provided to his/her peers such as dessert, snack, party foods, etc.

Total Isolation - Placing a child out of view of a responsible adult.

Suspension- The temporary removal of a child from his regular school program or the school bus.

Expulsion - The removal of the right and obligation of a child to attend a public school under conditions set by the School Board for a period of time not to exceed the remainder of the school year and one (1) additional year of attendance.

Suspension and/or expulsion are NOT RECOMMENDED in disciplining prekindergarten children. These procedures should only be used for the safety, health, or welfare of any student, teacher, or staff member.

If a child's problem behavior is extensive or has escalated over a period of time, this may be an indicator of a physical or emotional problem and a referral to the prekindergarten office and the student study team may be needed.

DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES GRADES K-12

Disclaimer: Please be advised these are just guidelines and the principal has authority within Florida Statutes, to increase consequences based upon the severity of the infraction.

Discipline Guidelines and Procedures

CLASS I	MINOR OFFENSES
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*Document All Actions Taken in Class I on the Classroom Behavior Management Form

- Chewing gum, eating food, or drinking beverages during class
- Being unprepared for class/no materials
- Arriving late to class (up to 5 minutes)
- Refusing to do classroom work
- Sleeping in class
- Using offensive language in general conversation with peers
- Disrupting the classroom (talking out loud, getting out of seat, laughing or talking at inappropriate times)
- Displaying intimate affection in public
- Possessing inappropriate items, (toys, games, tape players,)
- Disrupting the class by any other minor offense

Actions To Be Taken By Teachers

1st Offense

- Contact the parent/guardian. **[required]**
- Hold a teacher/student conference with documentation [**complete applicable section of Classroom Behavior Management Form (CBM)**].
- Collect inappropriate items from the student and return them at end of the day or when a parent/guardian collects them.

2nd Offense

- Use creative teacher interventions (may include behavior improvement plan, disciplinary work, etc.).
- Refer the student to the homeroom teacher (If student is an athlete, refer to coaches)
- Hold formal teacher-student conference and contact the parent/guardian. (**complete applicable section of CBM**)
- Refer the student to the team leader or designee, if applicable.
- Refer the student to the Guidance Counselor/Resource person/Student Study Team.
- Arrange peer mediation for the student.

3rd Offense

- Contact the parent/guardian. **[required]**
- Render a verbal reprimand.
- Provide notification of the consequences of the next offense.
- Arrange peer mediation for the student.
- Refer the student to the team leader or designee.
- Refer the student to a Guidance Counselor.

4th Offense

ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN BY ADMINISTRATORS

- Contact the parent/guardian. **[required]**
- Refer the student to an Administrator for disciplinary action/parent/guardian contact
- Suspend the student from home-based school activities for 2 weeks.
- Assign the student to after-school detention - 2 Days
- Assign work detail to the student.
- Assign the student to in-school suspension (ISS) for 3 to 5 days/parent/guardian contact.

Disclaimer: Please be advised these are just guidelines and the principal has authority within Florida Statutes, to increase consequences based upon the severity of the infraction.

CLASS II	INTERMEDIATE OFFENSES
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- Repeating classroom disruptions
- Failing to serve detention or other disciplinary interventions
- Instigating conflicts by spreading rumors, false statements, accusations, threats and other statements that tend to escalate situations or incite chaos
- Throwing food or drinks in cafeteria
- Loitering in an unauthorized location
- Using obscene or profane language or gestures
- Possessing or using tobacco products
- Cheating, plagiarism, abuse of technology, or forgery
- Skipping class/Leaving class (**Skipping class is also considered arriving to class after 5 minutes.**)
- Throwing or propelling objects or spitting
- Intimidating or harassing another student
- Dressing in opposition to the dress code
- Repeating Class I offenses
- Unauthorized usage of electronic devices

- Drop Pants / Saggy Pants (reference page 12)
- Student use of cell telephones/wireless communication devices
 Personal cell telephones may be brought to school with the following conditions:
 - a. Phones must be turned off and kept out of sight during school hours and while riding on the school buses or using school transportation at any time.
 - b. If emergency calls to or from students are necessary, they should be placed through the school office and not to or from the student's telephone.
 - c. Phones should be kept secure to prevent theft (vehicles, purses, backpacks, lockers, etc.) The school is not responsible for lost or stolen phones or any other electronic device.

Actions To Be Taken By Administrators

- An administrator calls the parent/guardian. **[required]**
- An administrator will assign In-school suspension (ISS) for specified number of days.
- An administrator will assign 3 - 5 days out-of-school suspension (OSS) /parent/guardian contact.
- An administrator will assign 5 days OSS [school level hearing/ parent/guardian conference]
- An administrator will provide a hearing with the option to give OSS of 5 more days.
- The School Resource Officer will issue a citation.
- An administrator will provide peer mediation for the student.
- An administrator will involve the Guidance Counselors in fact-finding and counseling of students.
- Drop pants / saggy pants: verbal warning; ineligibility to participate in extracurricular activities; in-school suspension

Disclaimer: Please be advised these are just guidelines and the principal has authority within Florida Statutes, to increase consequences based upon the severity of the infraction.

CLASS III	GROUP A	MAJOR OFFENSES
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- Defying a school district employee (an attitude or action designed to provoke a confrontation)
- Defacing school property/malicious mischief
- Inciting or participating in riotous behavior
- Obstructing school employees from their duty (preventing fight breakups, etc.)
- Possessing merchandise stolen on school campus
- Trespassing
- Using school property without authorization (computers, A/V or PE equipment)
- Exhibiting lewd and lascivious behavior
- Possessing obscene literature or objects
- Stealing
- Repeating Class II offenses
- leaving school campus without permission
- under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs

Actions To Be Taken By Administrators

1st Offense

- An administrator calls the parents/guardians. **[required]**
- The teacher/administrator writes a referral and administrator confers with the student.
- An administrator assigns 3-5 days out of school suspension.
- An administrator warns the student and parents/guardians of the consequence of the second offense.
- Guidance Counselors assist with fact finding and counseling of students.
- The student/parent/guardian makes restitution
- The Resource Officer administers a civil citation.
- A law enforcement officer is called to give assistance.

2nd Offense

- An administrator calls the parents/guardians. **[required]**

- The teacher/administrator writes a referral.
- An administrator confers with the student.
- An administrator assigns 5 days out of school suspension and conducts a hearing.
- An administrator warns the student and parent/guardian of the consequences of the third offense.
- An administrator informs the student and parent/guardian that all subsequent referrals will result in recommendation for alternative placement and/or expulsion.
- The student/parent/guardian makes restitution.
- The Resource Officer administers a civil citation.
- A law enforcement officer is called to give assistance.

Disclaimer: Please be advised these are just guidelines and the principal has authority within Florida Statutes, to increase consequences based upon the severity of the infraction.

CLASS III	GROUP B	MAJOR OFFENSES
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- Fighting (involvement in physical confrontation in which the participant either initiated the fight or failed to take advantage of an opportunity to avoid escalation of the incident that led to the fight)
- Creating a hostile environment that includes harassing, physical, verbal, graphic or written conduct that is sufficiently severe, pervasive or persistent as to interfere with an individual's ability to participate in or benefit from school activities. This includes all forms of sexual, racial, national origin, disability or other forms of discrimination or harassment prohibited by school board policies
- Threatening, harassing or intimidating a school district employee/adult
- **Bullying & Harassment that is systematic in gesture or written, verbal, graphic, or physical acts. Also, a repeated behavior that has been already addressed.**

Actions To Be Taken By Administrators

1st Offense

- An administrator calls the parents/guardians. **[required]**
- The teacher/administrator writes a referral.
- An administrator confers with the student.
- An administrator assigns 5 days out-of-school suspension.
- Guidance Counselors assist in fact finding and counseling of student.
- An administrator reads the second offense consequences to the students and parent/guardian.
- An administrator provides peer mediation.

2nd Offense

- An administrator calls the parents/guardians. **[required]**
- The teacher/administrator writes a referral.
- An administrator confers with the student.
- An administrator assigns 5 days out-of-school suspension with a hearing for possible alternative placement and/or expulsion considerations.

Disclaimer: Please be advised these are just guidelines and the principal has authority within Florida Statutes, to increase consequences based upon the severity of the infraction.

CLASS III	GROUP C	MAJOR OFFENSES
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ZERO TOLERANCE OFFENSES

REFER TO THE GADSDEN COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT.

Florida Statute: 1006.13 - Zero Tolerance Policy

1. The Gadsden County School Board has a zero tolerance policy for:
 - (a) Crime and substance abuse, including the reporting of delinquent acts and crimes occurring whenever and wherever students are under the jurisdiction of the district school board.
 - (b) Victimization of students, including taking all steps necessary to protect the victim of any violent crime from any further victimization.

2. The zero tolerance policy requires students found to have committed one of the following offenses to be expelled, with or without continuing educational services, from the student's regular school for a period of not less than 1 full year, and to be referred to the criminal justice or juvenile justice system. . (See definition of expulsion.)
 - (a) Bringing a firearm, imitation firearm, or weapon (as defined in F.S. Chapter 790) to school, to any school function, or possessing a firearm, imitation firearm, at school. (to include the possession, use, or sell of a firearm, imitation firearm, or explosive on campus, at a school activity, or on school sponsored transportation, including designated bus stops, or

 - (b) Making a threat or false report (as defined by subsection 790.162 and 790.163) respectively, involving school or school personnel's property, school transportation, or a school-sponsored activity, bring, possess, use, or sell a firearm, imitation firearm, or explosive on campus

The Gadsden County School Board may assign the student to a disciplinary program for the purpose of continuing educational services during the period of expulsion. District school superintendents may consider the 1-year expulsion requirement on a case-by-case basis and request the district school board to modify the requirement by assigning the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school if the request for modification is in writing and it is determined to be in the best interest of the student and the school system. If a student committing any of the offenses in this subsection is a student with a disability, the district school board shall comply with applicable State Board of Education rules.

Offenses Prohibited

1. The Gadsden County School Board's zero tolerance for students that have been found to have committed any of the offenses listed below on school property, school sponsored transportation, including designated bus stops, or during a school sponsored activity. These students will be referred to the School Board for expulsion.
 - a. homicide (murder, manslaughter)
 - b. sexual battery
 - c. armed robbery
 - d. aggravated battery
 - e. assault, battery or aggravated battery on a teacher or other school personnel
 - f. kidnapping or abduction
 - g. arson
 - h. possession, use, or sale of any firearm, to include an imitation firearm
 - i. display, use, threaten, or attempt to use any imitation firearm
 - j. possession, use, or sale of any explosive device
 - k. possession, use, or sale of drugs or alcohol
 - l. threat or false report involving a school or school personnel's property, school transportation, or a school sponsored activity.
 - m. bomb threat
 - n. possession, use of hazardous chemical or substances material

(The above terms are defined in the glossary.)

2. Any student charged with an assault or battery on any employee of the School Board shall be removed from the classroom immediately and placed in an alternative school setting pending

disposition. After an investigation, if the student is found guilty of this offense and in violation of F.S. 784.081, he/she shall be expelled or placed in an alternative school setting (F.S. 1006.13(4)).

3. **All incidents involving firearms, imitation firearms, explosives, unlawful possession, use or sale of controlled substances, including alcohol, and offenses listed in 1 above will be referred immediately to law enforcement.**
4. In the case of a physical altercation (fight) between two or more students on campus, school bus, or at any school sponsored activity, and where it is determined by the principal/designee that one or more of the students was/were the aggressor(s), and the remainder was/were the defender(s), the aggressive behavior of the student(s) shall be considered a zero-tolerance offense for which the student(s) will be subject to expulsion procedures as outlined in the Code of Student Conduct and the Fight Intervention Program.
5. In implementing this policy, the district will comply with all local, state, federal laws and guidelines.

WEAPONS PROHIBITED

2. Students must not bring or possess weapons on campus, at any school activity, or on school-sponsored transportation, including designated bus stops. For use in this policy, weapons shall include but not be limited to the following: air rifle, BB or pellet gun, rifle, shot gun, zip gun, stun gun, pistol, ammunition or explosive device (no matter how limited), incendiary device, ice pick, knife, box cutter, pocket knife, machete, hypodermic needle(s), laser pointer, brass knuckles, club, nunchakus, razor blade, self-defense sprays (such as mace or pepper gas), sling shot, spear, sword, or any item used with intent to cause bodily harm to another individual.
3. The principal or designee will immediately contain/remove the student from the class or school campus and investigate the alleged offense. After the investigation has been completed, the principal may complete procedures for suspension for up to five days.
4. The use and/or possession of a weapon other than a firearm, imitation firearm, or explosive device will result in suspension, expulsion, or other disciplinary action.
5. All incidents involving weapons will be referred to law enforcement. Willful and knowing possession of these weapons (listed in A above) may be a misdemeanor or third degree felony.
6. In implementing this policy, the district will comply with all local, state, federal laws and guidelines.

CERTAIN DRUGS PROHIBITED

1. The use, distribution, sale and/or unlawful possession of mood modifiers, controlled substances or alcohol on campus, at school activities, or on school-sponsored transportation, including designated bus stops, is strictly prohibited. If, after an investigation, a student has been determined to be in violation of this section, he or she will be referred to the School Board for expulsion.
2. **All incidents involving unlawful possession, use or sale of controlled substances, including alcohol, will be reported to law enforcement.**
3. With written parent/guardian permission, using Form GCSB 893, a prescribed or nonprescribed medication may be given to a student by authorized school personnel. (See School Board rule 5.62.)
4. In implementing this policy, the district will comply with all local, state, federal laws and guidelines.

PROCEDURES FOR STUDENT TRANSFER-FELONY CHARGES

1. Section 1006.09, Florida Statutes provides for the transfer to an alternative program of a student enrolled at school who:
 - a. has been formally charged with a felony, or with a delinquent act which would be a felony if committed by an adult, by a prosecuting attorney; and
 - b. the incident for which he/she has been charged occurred on other than school property, and
 - c. under circumstances in which the student would not already be subject to the rules and regulations of the Gadsden County Schools; and
 - d. the incident would have an adverse impact on the educational program, discipline or welfare of the school in which the student is enrolled.
2. If the principal proposes a felony transfer, he/she will, in accordance with Section 1006.09(2), Florida Statutes, conduct an administrative hearing for the purpose of determining whether or not the student should be assigned to an alternative program pending determination of his/her guilt or innocence, or the dismissal of the charge, by a court of competent jurisdiction. The following procedures shall be followed if the principal proposes a felony transfer.
 - a. Upon receiving proper notice that a student has been formally charged with a felony or with a delinquent act which would be a felony if committed by an adult, the principal shall notify the parent/guardian of the student, in writing of the specific charges against the student and of the right to a hearing.
 - b. Such notice shall set a date for the hearing which shall not be less than two (2) schools days nor more than five (5) school days from date of postmark or delivery. It shall also advise the parent/guardian of the conditions under which a waiver of discipline may be granted.* A hearing can be held without the attendance of the parent/guardian after proper notification.

***Waiver of Discipline:**

any pupil who is subject to discipline or expulsion for unlawful possession or use of any substance controlled under chapter F.S. 893, may request a waiver of the discipline code:

- i. If the pupil divulges information leading to the arrest and conviction of the person who supplied such controlled substance to him/her, or if the pupil voluntarily discloses his/her unlawful possession of such controlled substance prior to his/her arrest. Any information divulged which leads to such arrest and conviction is not admissible in evidence in a subsequent criminal trial against the pupil divulging such information, or
- ii. If the pupil commits himself/herself, or is referred by the court in lieu of sentence, to a state licensed drug abuse program and successfully completes the program. Florida Statutes 1006.09.

3. The hearing shall be conducted by the principal, or designee, and may be attended by the student, the parent/guardian, the student's representative or counsel, and any witnesses requested by the student or the principal.
4. The student may speak in his/her own defense, may present any evidence indicating his/her eligibility for waiver of disciplinary action, and may be questioned on his/her testimony. However, the student shall not be threatened with punishment or later punished for refusal to testify.
5. In conducting the hearing, the principal/designee shall not be bound by rules of evidence or any other courtroom procedure and no transcript of testimony shall be required.
6. Following the hearing, the principal shall provide the student and parent/guardian with a decision, in writing, as to whether or not student transfer for felony charges will be made, and if so, the effective date of such transfer. In arriving at this decision, the principal shall consider the conditions under which a waiver of discipline may be granted, and may grant such a waiver when she/he determines such action to be in the best interests of the school and the student.
7. If the court determines that the pupil did commit the felony or delinquent act which would have been a felony if committed by an adult, the principal may recommend that the student be expelled. This expulsion, however, shall not affect the delivery of educational services to the pupil in any residential, nonresidential, alternative, daytime, or evening program outside of the regular school setting. (F.S. 1006.09)
8. If a student is convicted or is found to have committed, a felony or a delinquent act, which would be a felony if committed by an adult, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, participation in interscholastic, athletic, and extra-curricular activities will be withheld.

SUSPENSION/EXPULSION

Suspension, also referred to as out-of-school suspension, is the temporary removal of a student from all classes of instruction on public school grounds and all other school sponsored activities, except as authorized by the principal or principal's designee for a period not to exceed ten (10) school days. **During the suspension, the student is remanded to the custody of the parent/guardian with specific homework assignments for the student to complete.**

Expulsion is the removal of the right and obligation of a student to attend a public school under conditions set by the School Board, and for a period of time not to exceed the remainder of the term or school year and one (1) additional year of attendance. Expulsions may be imposed with or without continuing educational services and shall be reported accordingly.

1. The principal must follow all procedures for suspensions/expulsions. Only the School Board can expel students.
2. If a student is suspended or expelled from school, the student will not be allowed to attend any other school or school activity in the district until the time of suspension or expulsion has ended, or the School Board or the Superintendent has assigned an alternative setting. Failure to adhere to this rule could result in the extension of the suspension/expulsion and/or arrest.
3. Computerized records must be kept on all disciplinary actions that involve suspension/expulsion, and alternative placement.
4. The following are procedures for suspension:
 - a. Before suspending a student, the principal/designee will investigate the alleged offense, giving the student a chance to tell his/her side of the story and obtain written statements from witnesses, if appropriate.
 - b. When a student is suspended from school, an immediate attempt will be made to contact the parent/guardian(s). The student, the parents/guardians, and the Superintendent will be sent written notice (suspension form) within twenty-four hours.

- c. The suspension by the principal may not be for more than ten days. No student will be suspended for more than five days without a school hearing which will adhere to the following procedures:
 - i. A suspension form will be completed giving the date for the hearing (usually on the third or fourth day of the suspension), and it will also include the time, place, and the purpose for the hearing.
 - ii. The hearing will be video and/or audio taped.
 - iii. The student may bring witnesses to speak for him/her, ask other witnesses questions, and tell his/her side of the story.
 - iv. This hearing should include the student and his/her parent/guardian(s) and may also include teachers, administrators, guidance counselors, school psychologists, and/or others as appropriate.
 - v. Decisions will be based on the information presented.
 - vi. At the end of the hearing, the principal will tell the student and the parent/guardian(s) verbally and later in writing what he/she has decided to do about the misbehavior. The Principal may extend the suspension up to 10 days.

- 5. The following are procedures for an expellable offense:
 - a. When a student commits an expellable offense (see Zero Tolerance Policy), the Principal/Designee investigates. If after the investigation it is deemed necessary to continue the expulsion process, the Principal/Designee notifies:
 - i. parent/guardian of suspension and sets a hearing date (hand delivered)
 - ii. the District Office
 - iii. ESE, ESOL and School Psychologist (if appropriate)

 - b. At the school hearing the following will be present:
 - i. student
 - ii. parent/guardian
 - iii. school personnel
 - iv. district personnel
 - v. witnesses
 - vi. other appropriate personnel

 - c. The following guidelines will be adhered to at the school hearing:
 - i. The Principal/Designee will chair the hearing.
 - ii. All information discussed will be recorded.
 - iii. Everyone involved in the incident may give his/her side of the story.
 - iv. All pertinent information will be discussed including the student's discipline, attendance, and academic records and other significant information such as police and witness reports.
 - v. The recommendations of the Principal/Designee may also include, but not be limited to, alternative programs, counseling, community service, drug and rehabilitative treatment centers, extended suspension, and expulsion.
 - vi. If expulsion is recommended to the Superintendent, the suspension is extended for a total of 10 days. The parent/guardian is notified of the date of the School Board Meeting.
 - vii. The parent/guardian has the right to request a School Board Hearing prior to the School Board Meeting.

 - d. If the Superintendent concurs with the Principal's decision, he will make a recommendation to the School Board. If the Superintendent does not agree with the expulsion recommendation, the student will be allowed to return to school.

 - e. All recommendations for expulsion are placed on the School Board agenda for final action. The Superintendent will give to the Board, prior to the School Board meeting, background information

on the student. The Board will act upon the recommendation of the Superintendent. The principal making the recommendation for expulsion must be present when the case goes before the School Board .

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

Corporal punishment is prohibited.

REASONABLE FORCE

Florida Statute 1003.32(1) authorizes teachers and other instructional personnel to use reasonable force to protect himself/herself or others from injury. The Department of Education has defined reasonable force as, “appropriate professional conduct including physical force as necessary to maintain a safe and orderly environment.” The Department of Education has clarified that school personnel do have the right and the authority to protect against: conditions harmful to learning, self, and others. Note: Florida Statute 1006.11(2) further provides that a principal, teacher, other staff members, or bus driver shall not be civilly or criminally liable for any action carried out in conformity with School Board rules regarding the control, discipline, and expulsion of students, except in the case of excessive force or cruel & unusual punishment.

COLLECTION OF EVIDENCE / SEARCH AND SEIZURE

The right of students as citizens to be free from unreasonable search shall be preserved in the schools. However, the principal or designee has the right to collect evidence as necessary to provide for the safe and orderly operation of the school and all of its functions. These may include, but not be limited to, the following measures:

1. General Search: In all cases of search the responsible school officials shall maintain an accurate written summary of the events surrounding the search incident.
2. Lockers: Lockers remain the property of the school and are provided to students without charge. The rights of personal property, however, as well as the rights of the school, must be afforded consideration. The school principal or his designee is authorized to open lockers in the presence of another witness and to examine their contents to include personal belongings of students when such person has reasonable suspicion to believe that the contents threaten the safety, health, or welfare of any student or include property stolen from the school personnel or other students. This policy does not preclude administrators from being able to randomly search lockers. Appropriate notices will be posted to this effect.
3. Personal Search: With reasonable suspicion, the administrator/designee may conduct a personal search of a student. Personal search may include: emptying of pockets, removal of shoes and socks, and removal of jacket. **FRISKING AND STRIP SEARCHES ARE PROHIBITED.**
4. Use of Metal Detectors: As part of an overall plan to protect the health, welfare, safety, and lives of students, faculty, staff, and visitors to the public schools, and to enforce provisions of the Code of Student Conduct, metal detectors may be used to scan and screen for firearms, imitation firearms, and other weapons which have no place in public schools due to the fact that they are life threatening, cause bodily harm, and have adverse and disruptive effects on the educational process.
5. Search of Vehicles: Any motor vehicle parked on school property may be searched by the site administrator or designee with reasonable suspicion. Appropriate notices will be posted to this effect.

6. Use of Video Cameras: For the health, welfare, and safety of students, faculty, and staff, video cameras may be used on school buses and in school facilities as appropriate.
7. Drug-Sniffing Dog: In searching for illegal objects or substances in students' lockers or other school areas, a trained drug-sniffing dog may be used. The search procedure shall consist of the following:
 - a. Contact the Superintendent or his designee for approval.
 - b. The search will be conducted to avoid contact between students and the dog.
 - c. Contact the local law enforcement office and obtain a certified officer and a certified drug-sniffing dog, if drugs are suspected.

**CLASSROOM BEHAVIOR MANAGEMENT FORM FOR
MINOR OFFENSES IN K-12 SCHOOLS**

STUDENT _____ **I.D.** _____ **DATE** _____
TEACHER _____ **SUBJECT** _____ **PERIOD** _____
CIRCLE IF APPLICABLE TO STUDENT: ESE ESOL

The above student's behavior has been disruptive to the class and inhibits my ability to teach. Specifically, the problem is:

As the classroom teacher, I have taken the following steps to correct the problem:

1st Offense: An **AFTER-CLASS DISCUSSION** was held on _____ with the student regarding the above problem. The student's reaction to the problem and my suggestions for improvement were:

_____ **Favorable** _____ **Unfavorable** _____ **No reaction**

Teacher Signature

Student Signature

2nd Offense: A **FORMAL TEACHER/STUDENT CONFERENCE** was held on _____ at _____.
(DATE) (TIME)

The problem was again discussed, and the student was warned that further misbehavior would result in a referral to the office. The student's reaction to my suggestions for improvement were:

_____ **Favorable** _____ **Unfavorable** _____ **No reaction**

PARENT/GUARDIAN PHONE CONTACT

(Name and No.) _____ was called on _____. The parent/guardian was advised of the problems and the steps taken thus far by me to remedy the problem. The parent/guardian's support was requested. Parent/Guardian reaction was:

_____ **Positive** _____ **Neutral** _____ **No reaction**

3rd Offense: The following **RESOURCE PEOPLE** were consulted:

A. Department/Team Chairman/Leader: The following recommendation/s was made:

B. Guidance Counselor: The following recommendation/s was made:

C. Other: The following assistance was provided:

4th Offense: THE PROBLEM PERSISTS: I request administrative assistance with this student. [**Send this form and the student to the office.**]

Date/Time Student Sent

Teacher signature

White – Office Yellow – Parent/Guardian Pink – Guidance Gold – Referring Teacher

AUTHORITY OF THE SCHOOL BUS DRIVER

1. The principal/designee gives to the bus driver authority to control students to and from school or on school trips. Any student who misbehaves may be reported to the principal.
2. The bus driver will not suspend a student from riding the bus, spank a student, or put a student off the bus at any place other than his regular stop. However, if a bus driver has a note from the student's parent/guardian which has been approved by the school, the bus driver may let the student off at another stop. If there is an emergency on the bus because of student behavior, the bus driver must take care of the emergency and protect the students on the bus. The bus driver will immediately report the incident to the proper authority.

MISCONDUCT ON SCHOOL BUSES

If a student misbehaves on the school bus, the bus driver may report the misbehavior to the principal. The principal may suspend the student from riding the bus for no more than ten (10) school days per offense. Please note: If ESE students do not get a ride to school during the bus suspension, the suspension will count towards the maximum allowable ten (10) day school suspension for the year. If the suspension is for more than five (5) days, a hearing is required. The School Board may change the suspension to an expulsion from the school bus. The student may also be subject to other disciplinary actions which may include suspension or expulsion from school.

Disclaimer: Please be advised these are just guidelines and the principal has authority within Florida Statutes, to increase consequences based upon the severity of the infraction.

BUS OFFENSES

MINOR OFFENSES

- Shouting/loud talking
- Eating / drinking
- Littering
- Holding hand/head outside of the bus

Actions To Be Taken

- **BUS DRIVERS' INTERVENTIONS (use one or more)**
- Conduct a conference with the student.
- Assign a new seat assignment.
- Notify the parents/guardians.
- Write a referral and give it to an administrator.

- **ADMINISTRATORS' INTERVENTIONS**
- 1st referral: Notify parents/guardians and have a conference with the student.
- 2nd referral: 1- 3 days off bus
- 3rd referral: 3 days off bus
- 4th referral: 5 days off bus (**Hearing Requested**)

MAJOR OFFENSES

- Being out of seat when bus is in motion
- Using foul language/ racial slurs
- Defacing property
- Throwing objects
- Holding hand/head outside bus while in motion
- Fighting

- Distracting the bus driver with deviant behavior

Actions To Be Taken By Administrators

- Restitution is paid by the student/parent/guardian.
- 1st referral: 1-3 day off bus
- 2nd referral: 3-5 days off bus
- 3rd referral: 5 days off bus
- 4th referral: 5 days off bus (**Hearing Requested/expulsion considered**)

The student may also be subject to other disciplinary actions which may include suspension or expulsion from school.

ZERO TOLERANCE ON THE BUS

- Threatening/assaulting the driver
- Possessing weapons
- Possessing/using drugs/alcohol

GLOSSARY

Abuse of property/minor vandalism - to use wrongly or improperly, or to maltreat any school equipment or property

Aggravated battery - Intentionally or knowingly causing great bodily harm, permanent disability, or permanent disfigurement or using a deadly weapon while committing a battery.

Alcohol possession, use, sale, storage, or distribution - having on one's person or within one's personal property or under one's control by placement of and knowledge of the whereabouts or reasonable belief that one has assimilated, or reasonably appears, in the judgment of appropriate school officials, to be under the influence of any alcoholic substance

Armed robbery - the taking of money or other property which may be the subject of larceny from the person or custody of another, with intent to either permanently or temporarily deprive the person or the owner of the money or other property, when in the course of the taking there is the use of force, violence, assault, or putting in fear; with the use of a firearm, imitation firearm, or other deadly weapon

Arson - to willfully and unlawfully, or while in the commission of any felony, by fire or explosion, damage or cause to be damaged: any dwelling, whether occupied or not, or its contents; any structure, or contents thereof, where persons are normally present; and any other structure that the person knew or had reasonable grounds to believe was occupied by a human being

Articles disruptive to school - to possess, display or use anything that is disruptive to the general peace and welfare of a school center, school bus, or a school sponsored activity

Assault - an intentional, unlawful threat by word or act to do violence to the person of another, coupled with an apparent ability to do so which creates a well-founded fear in such other person that such violence is imminent. (F.S 784.011)

Assault on school board employee - any intentional, unlawful threat, by word or act, to do violence to a school board employee, coupled with an apparent ability to do so, and doing some act that creates a well-founded fear in another person that violence is imminent

Attempted criminal act against a person - any person who attempts to commit, or who solicits another to commit, or who agrees, conspires, combines, or confederates with another person or persons to commit the offense of a battery against another person or persons, and in such attempt does any act toward the commission of such offense, but fails in the perpetration or is intercepted or prevented in the execution of the offense

Battery (Aggravated) - intentionally or knowingly causing great bodily harm, permanent disability, or permanent disfigurement or using a deadly weapon while committing a battery

Battery or aggravated battery on a school board employee - a battery or aggravated battery on any elected official or school district employee whether it is committed on school property, on school sponsored transportation, during a school-sponsored activity or while the elected official or employee is on official school business

Bomb threat - intentionally making a false report to any person concerning the placement of any bomb, dynamite, explosive, or arson-causing device

Breaking and entering/burglary - the unlawful entry into a building or other structure with the intent to commit a crime

Bullying - Systematically and chronically inflicting physical hurt or psychological distress on one or more students, or employees. It is further defined as unwanted and repeated written, verbal, or physical behavior, including any threatening, insulting, or dehumanizing gesture, by a student or adult, that is severe or pervasive enough to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment; cause discomfort or humiliation; or unreasonably interfere with the individual's school performance or participation; and may involve but is not limited to:

- a. Unwanted teasing;
- b. Social Exclusion;
- c. Threatening;
- d. Intimidation;
- e. Stalking;
- f. Cyberstalking;
- g. Cyberbullying;
- h. Physical violence;
- i. Theft;
- j. Sexual, religious, or racial harassment;
- k. Public humiliation;
- l. Rumor or spreading falsehoods; or
- m. Destruction of school or personal property.

Bus disruption - behavior that disrupts and/or distracts the driver from safely operating the school bus

Cheating (copying work of another, using materials not authorized to use - copying of anyone else's work or cheating on any test or assignment

Chemical/hazardous material - Any chemical compounds or dangerous materials that may be used to cause harm or vulnerability to any person(s).

Computer misuse/inappropriate use of e-mail/internet - the inappropriate use of a computer, including, but not limited to, breaking into restricted accounts or networks, modifying, or destroying files without permission, illegally copying software, and entering or distributing or printing unauthorized files; accessing or entering unauthorized internet sites; distributing inappropriate electronic messages

Confrontation/tussle - a verbal confrontation, struggle, or scuffle involving more than one person; pushing, shoving, pulling, etc. that has the propensity to escalate into a fight

Contraband, non-criminal - possession and/or use of items or contraband designated by the school as inappropriate materials such as portable paging devices, beepers, portable cellular telephones, etc.; these will be confiscated

Corporal punishment - Paddling by the principal/designee on the student's buttocks.

Criminal assault on a student/person - any intentional, unlawful threat, by word or act, to do violence to another person, coupled with an apparent ability to do so, and doing some act that creates a well-founded fear in another person that violence is imminent

Criminal battery on a student/person (non-School Board Employee) - an actual and intentional touching or striking of another person against his or her will or intentionally causing bodily harm to an individual, including child abuse; the malicious and unprovoked physical attack by an aggressor upon another person

Destructive device - A destructive device is any bomb, grenade, mine, rocket, missile, pipe bomb, or similar device containing some type of explosive that is designed to explode and is capable of causing bodily harm or property damage (F.S. 790.001(4)).

Disobedient/open defiance/insubordination - refusal or failure to obey, marked by resistance to authority; the flagrant or hostile challenge of the authority of a school staff member, bus driver, or any other adult in authority

Disobeying rules on the school bus - violation of the posted or written rules of conduct for the bus that is not necessarily a disruptive behavior; e.g.: not in assigned seat, eating or drinking on the bus

Disorderly conduct/disruption of school - any act which substantially disrupts the orderly conduct of a school function, behavior which substantially disrupts the orderly learning environment or poses a threat to the health, safety, and/or welfare of students, staff, or others

Disrespectful language - written or verbal remarks or gestures that show a lack of respect, rudeness or are inappropriate; The use of words or acts which demean, degrade, antagonize, or humiliate a person or group of persons

Disruptive behavior - behavior by its nature disrupts the educational process, but is not criminal.

Disruptive play - non-confrontational activity that is not appropriate in a school setting and is disruptive to the educational process; engaging in rowdy, rough behavior that interferes with the safe and or purposeful order of a school; e.g.: horseplay, chasing another student in the hallway of classroom, etc.

Dress code violation - to dress in a manner that would constitute a disruption in the school, create a safety hazard or exhibit impropriety; violations of the school dress code

Drug paraphernalia use, sale, storage, or distribution - to possess, use, sale, store, or distribute any equipment, device, or equipment used for the purpose of preparing or taking drugs

Drugs represented as drugs/imitation, use, storage, or possession - to store, possess, purchase, use, or be under the influence of any mood modifying substance and/or dangerous substance including, but not limited to, marijuana, hallucinogens, inhalants, as well as any substance represented to be an illegal substance, such as designer drugs, or caffeine pills, tablets, or caplets, or any substance which is represented to be any such substance while on school property or jurisdiction of the school district

Due process - A student has the right to a fair, reasonable, and impartial hearing for a broken or disobeyed rule. [F.S 1006.07]

Explosive (F.S. 790.001 (5)) - any chemical compound or mixture that has the property of yielding readily to combustion or oxidation upon application of heat, flame, or shock, including but not limited to dynamite, nitroglycerin, trinitrotoluene, or ammonium nitrate when combined with other ingredients to form an explosive mixture, blasting caps, and detonators; but not including:

(a) Shotgun shells, cartridges, or ammunition for firearms;

(b) Fireworks as defined in s. 791.01(4)(a); means and includes any combustible or explosive composition or substance or combination of substances or, except as hereinafter provided, any article prepared for the purpose of producing a visible or audible effect by combustion, explosion, deflagration, or detonation. The term includes blank cartridges and toy cannons in which explosives are used, the type of balloons which require fire underneath to propel

them, firecrackers, torpedoes, skyrockets, roman candles, dago bombs, and any fireworks containing any explosives or flammable compound or any tablets or other device containing any explosive substance.

(c) Smokeless propellant powder or small arms ammunition primers, if possessed, purchased, sold, transported, or used in compliance with F.. 552.241;

Explosive devices possession, use, sale, or distribution (not firecrackers, fireworks) - an explosive is any chemical compound or mixture that has the property of yielding readily to combustion or oxidation upon application of heat, flame, or shock, including but not limited to dynamite, nitroglycerin, trinitrotoluene, or ammonium nitrate when combined with other ingredients to form an explosive mixture, blasting caps, and detonators

Expulsion - Removal of the right and obligation of a student to attend a public school under conditions set by the School Board for a period of time not to exceed the remainder of the school year and one (1) additional year of attendance. Expulsion can also mean alternative placement.

Extortion/blackmail/coercion - the use of threat or intimidation to obtain anything of value from another person, including, but not limited to, money

Extracurricular - any school-authorized or education-related activity occurring during or outside the regular instructional school day. [F.S. 1006.15]

Failure to comply with class/school rules - violation of specified posted or written school or class rule that is not necessarily a disruptive behavior; e.g.: repeatedly chewing gum, repeatedly tardy for class, etc.

False fire alarm/911 call - whoever, without reasonable cause, by outcry or the ringing of bells, or otherwise makes or circulates, or causes to be made or circulated, a false alarm of fire or 911 call

False report involving school, school personnel's property, school transportation or school sponsored activity- Making a false report with intent to deceive, mislead, or otherwise misinform any person, concerning the placing or planting of any bomb, dynamite, or other deadly explosive.

Fighting - mutual participation in a hostile, physical encounter; mutual participation in an altercation involving physical violence

Firearm - means any weapon (including a starter gun) which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; the frame or receiver of any such weapon; any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; any destructive device; or any machine gun. The term "firearm" does not include an antique firearm unless the antique firearm is used in the commission of a crime. [F.S. 790.001(6)]

***Firearm, possession, use, or sale of** - Possession, use, or sale of any firearm, imitation firearm, on school property, school-sponsored transportation or during a school-sponsored activity. A firearm, imitation firearm, is any weapon (including a starter gun) which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; the frame or receiver of any such weapon; any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; any destructive device; or any machine gun. [F.S. 790.001(6)]

Fireworks/firecrackers - possession, use, sale, storage, or distribution of fireworks or firecrackers or associated devices

Forgery of a document or signature - to fashion or reproduce for fraudulent purposes

Gambling - one who participates in games of chance or skill for money or profit

Grievance procedure - The process of filing appropriate forms resulting from a complaint filed by a student. Forms may be obtained from the principal.

Harassment - Any threatening, insulting or dehumanizing gesture, use of technology, computer software, or written, verbal or physical conduct directed against a student or school employee that:

1. Places a student or school employee in reasonable fear of harm to his/her person or damage to his/her property;
2. Has the effect of substantially interfering with a student's educational performance, or employee's work performance, or either's opportunities, or benefits;
3. Has the effect of substantially negatively impacting a student's or employee's emotional or mental well-being; or
4. Has the effect of substantially disrupting the orderly operation of a school.

Homicide/murder - the unlawful killing of a human being; and manslaughter – the killing of a human being by the act, procurement, or culpable negligence of another, without lawful justification

Illicit drug - A drug not allowed by law, custom, rule, etc.

Imitation firearm – Any toy gun, replica of a firearm, air-soft gun that fires nonmetallic projectiles, or other device that is so substantially similar in coloration and overall appearance to a firearm.

Inappropriate activity - any activity that is disruptive and/or inappropriate in a school setting that does not fit into another category

Intentionally striking a staff member intervening in a fight - intentionally striking or violently struggling with a staff member intervening in a fight or confrontation

Kidnapping or abduction - forcibly, secretly, or by threat, confining, abducting, or imprisoning another person against their will and without lawful authority, with intent to hold for ransom or reward or as a shield or hostage; commit or facilitate commission of any felony; inflict bodily harm upon or to terrorize the victim or another person

Leaving School Grounds without permission - unauthorized leaving of the school grounds

Lying/misrepresentation - intentionally providing false or misleading information to, or withholding valid information from a school staff member

Motor vehicle theft - theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle; anything that is self-propelled

Obscene, lewd, or inappropriate act - the use of oral or written language, electronic messages, pictures, objects, gestures, or engaging in any physical act considered to be offensive, socially unacceptable, or not suitable for an educational setting

Other potentially dangerous weapons/items - any instrument or object, other than firearms or knives, deliberately used to inflict harm on another person, or used to intimidate any person

Out of Assigned Area - out of assigned area without permission and/or in a restricted access area without permission

Permissible absence - An absence which has the sanction of the parents/guardians and the school. This may include activities such as an individual educational trip or other extenuating circumstance. Any such individual educational trip must be planned by the parent/guardian and teacher, and a written report of the trip must be presented to the teacher. Work missed may be made up by the student.

Petty theft/stealing 1 (\$0-\$10) - the unlawful taking, carrying, or lending of property less than \$10.00 in value from the possession or constructive possession of another person

Petty theft/stealing 2 (\$10 -\$25) - the unlawful taking, carrying, lending, or riding away of property more than \$10, but less than \$25 in value from the possession, or constructive possession of another person

Petty theft/stealing 3 (\$25-\$50) - the unlawful taking, carrying, lending, or riding away of property more than \$25, but less than \$50 in value from the possession, or constructive possession of another person

Physical aggression (not involving law enforcement) - the intentional physical aggression of one party against another person such as pushing, punching, or striking

Plagiarism - The unauthorized use of someone else's material, which is then presented as being the result of the plagiarist's own primary research, creative impulse or insight. Plagiarism technically encompasses the borrowing of ideas of others, as well as their exact words or allowing one's own personal work or homework to be copied

Possession/use of tobacco products - possession, use, sale, storage, or distribution of tobacco products on school district property

Profane/obscene language - abusive, profane, obscene, or vulgar language (verbal, written, or gestures) or conduct in the presence of another person

Prohibited items - An item prevented by law or by an order.

Public display of affection - engaging in overtly amorous contact or language not appropriate in a school setting

Robbery - the taking or attempting to take anything of value that is owned by another person or organization, under confrontational circumstances by force or threat of force or violence and /or by putting the victim in fear

Sexual battery (attempted or actual forcible penetration) - forced- oral, anal, or vaginal penetration by, or union with, the sexual organ of another or the anal or vaginal penetration of another by any other object

Sexual harassment - any slur, innuendo, or other physical conduct reflecting on an individual's gender which has the purpose of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational work environment; has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work or school performance or participation; or otherwise affects an individual's educational opportunities; sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature

Sexual misconduct - engaging in a sex act or physical conduct of a sexual nature; the unlawful sexual intercourse, sexual contact or other unlawful behavior or conduct intended to result in sexual gratification without force or threat and where the victim is capable of giving consent

Stealing more than \$50 - the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property more than \$50, in value from the possession or constructive possession of another person or entity (meaning school)

Suspension - Removal of students from their regular school program for a period not to exceed 10 school days. Pursuant to Florida Statute 1006.09, no student who is required by law to attend school shall be suspended for unexcused absence or truancy.

Tardiness, Habitual - consistently late to class or school

Tear gas gun or chemical weapon or device - any weapon of such nature, except a device known as a "self-defense chemical spray." "Self-defense chemical spray" means a device carried solely for purposes of lawful self-defense that is compact in size, designed to be carried on or about the person, and contains not more than two ounces of chemical. [F.S. 790.001(3)(b)]

Threat against school, school personnel's property, school transportation or school sponsored activity - Threatening to throw, project, place, or discharge any destructive device with intent to do bodily harm.

Threat, non-criminal - a threat (less serious than assault) by word or act to do violence to another person or his/her property; e.g.: "You better watch your back", "I'm going to get you after school."

Trespassing - to enter or remain on a public school campus or school board facility without authorization or invitation and with no lawful purpose for entry, including students under suspension or expulsion, employees not required by their employment to be at the particular location; and unauthorized persons who enter or remain on campus or school district facility or sponsored activity after being directed to leave

Truancy/Unexplained Absence - An absence from class or school that the reason or excuse is inadequate or does not meet the criteria for an excused absence

Unauthorized possession or use of prescription medication - to possess, use, sell, store, or distribute or be under the influence of any substance which requires a physician's prescription, or any over-the-counter medication without parent/guardian approval and school notification

Unauthorized sale/distribution of materials (non-criminal) - unauthorized selling or distributing of materials not generally considered illegal; e.g.: candy

Unexcused absence - An absence which does not have the approval of the school, or which is due to disciplinary action against the student. Ordinarily, in such case, the work missed may not be made up by the student for credit.

Unintentionally striking a staff member intervening in a fight - unintentional striking or violently struggling with a staff member intervening in a fight or confrontation

Unknown weapon possession - type of instrument or object unknown at the time of the report

Unserviced detention (extended) - unexcused absence from a scheduled extended detention

Unserviced detention (regular) - unexcused absence from a scheduled regular detention

Unserviced detention (Saturday) - unexcused absence from a scheduled Saturday detention

Use of intoxicants - the inappropriate use of intoxicants, including but not limited to, glue, solvents, butane, and whipped cream, for the purpose of obtaining a mood-modifying experience

Vandalism more than \$100 (includes time and labor) - the willful and/or malicious destruction, damage, or defacement of public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it. This includes graffiti.

Weapon - A weapon may be, but is not limited to, any firearm, imitation firearm, any explosive or destructive device, any knife, razor blade or box cutter, any dirk (dagger), metallic knuckles, slung shot (a small mass of metal, stone, sand, or similar material fixed on a flexible handle, strap, or the like, used as a weapon.), billie [billie (also spelled billy) club, night stick, a stick of less than arm's length, usually made of wood, plastic, or metal], tear gas gun, chemical weapon or device, or other deadly weapon except a firearm or a common pocketknife, plastic knife, or blunt-bladed table knife [F.S. 790.001(13)] or any item used with intent to cause bodily harm to another individual.

Weapon/knife possession - the possession of any knife that may inflict harm on another person, or be used to intimidate another person, including, but not limited to, fixed blade knives, folding knives, switch blade knives, and common pocket knives or any item used with intent to cause bodily harm to another individual.